

SRI MEENAKSHI GOVT ARTS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS)

MADURAI-625 002

(Re-Accredited with “B++” Grade by NAAC 3rd cycle)



DEPARTMENT OF GEOGRAPHY

SYLLABUS FOR M.SC., GEOGRAPHY

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

2024-2025

Programme	M.Sc GEOGRAPHY CODE:PGEE1
Duration	PG-2YEARS
Programme Objectives:	1. Orient the students towards identifying and analysing different geographical processes and features.
	2. Developing the students' ability to acquire basic skills for conducting field research.
	3. Intended to help students in learning the science and art of collecting, processing, and interpreting data.
	4. Analyze various problems and resolve them through proper management, planning, and sustainability
	5. To expose the students to the new technologies of Remote Sensing, GNSS, Geographical Information System (GIS) and GIS science.
Programme Outcome	1. Students will be oriented towards, learning, understanding, and analyzing geographical processes and provide spatial solutions.
	2. To expose students to the use of recent advancements in the field of Geospatial technologies and its application in geographical areas.
	3. Development of ethical aptitudes and dispositions necessary to obtain and hold leadership positions within industry, government, and professional organizations
	4. Capability to undertake research in interdisciplinary studies or on issues or problems beyond the purview of geography.
	5. Empowering students with knowledge and skills for spatial thinking and analysis, to navigate real world problems, and contribute to society in a meaningful way.

	1. Understand the major biophysical and social patterns in the planet, and the key drivers that give rise to those patterns.
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Programme Specific Outcome	2. Demonstrate profound knowledge of theories, concepts, techniques, and technologies in human and physical geography and in geographic information science and technology using real-world applications at the local, regional, and global levels.
	3. Apply systems thinking and critical thinking in socio-economic-ecological systems on the human-environment interface to analyze problems and Potential solutions.
	4. Practice to obtain, analyze, interpret complex geographic data and develop ethical aptitudes, dispositions necessary to acquire and hold leadership positions in industry, government, and professional organizations.
	5. Capability to work with the latest geospatial technologies and handle modern instruments like drones, total stations, GPS and other field devices and also work effectively in interdisciplinary and multicultural real- world contexts to combine theory and practice in responding to local to global issues.

Course Type	Sub.Code	Title of the course	Hrs/ Week	Credits	Ex.Hrs	Marks		
						Int	Ext	Total
CC1	P23CG1	Applied Geomorphology	6	6	3	25	75	100
CC 2	P23CG2	Applied Climatology	6	6	3	25	75	100
CC 3 (P)	P23CG3P	Techniques of Mapping and Map Interpretation.	6	4	3	25	75	100
GEC/DSEC 1 CHOICE I	P23DG01	Population and Settlement Geography	6	3	3	25	75	100
GEC/DSEC 1 CHOICE2	P23DG02	Urban Geography	6	3	3	25	75	100
GEC/DSEC 2 CHOICE1	P23DG03	Transport Geography	6	3	3	25	75	100
GEC/DSEC 2 CHOICE2	P23DG04	Agricultural Geography	6	3	3	25	75	100
Total			30	22				500
SEMESTER – II								
CC4	P23CG4	Principles of Cartography	6	5	3	25	75	100
CC5	P23CG5	Hydrology and Oceanography	6	5	3	25	75	100
CC6 (P)	P23CG6P	Practical-II Remote Sensing Data Interpretation and GNSS Survey.	6	4	3	25	75	100
GEC/DSEC 3 CHOICE 1	P23DG05	Discipline Specific Elective – Field Work and Mapping.	5	3	3	25	75	100
GEC/DSEC 3 CHOICE 2	P23DG06	Geography of Travel and Tourism.	5	3	3	25	75	100

GEC/DSEC 4 CHOICE 1	P23DG07	Remote Sensing and GNSS.	5	3	3	25	75	100
GEC/DSEC 4 CHOICE 2	P23DG08	Principles of GIS	5	3	3	25	75	100
SEC1	P23SEG1	Geo-Spatial Statistics	2	2	3	25	75	100
Total			30	22				600

SRI MEENAKSHI GOVT. ARTS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (A), MADURAI-2

**PG CBCS – Semester wise Paper List
(For those who are joined from July 2024 onwards)
M.SC GEOGRAPHY -2024-2025**

SEMESTER-1

COURSE STRUCTURE ABSTRACT

FOR ALL PG PROGRAMMES

COURSES	TOTAL NO OF COURSES	HOURS	CREDIT S	MARKS
Core Courses	12	71	57	1200
Core Project with Viva voce	1	10	7	100
Discipline Specific Elective Courses	6	32	18	600
Skill Enhancement Courses	3	7	6	300
Internship/Industrial Activity	1	--	2	100
Extension Activity	1	--	1	100
Total	24	120	91	2400

S.NO	PART	COURSE	Sub-Code	COURSE TITLE	Hrs	Credits	Ex. Hrs	Marks		
								Int	Ext	
SEMESTER –I										
1	-	Core	CC1	P23CG1	APPLIED GEOMORPHOLOGY	6	6	3	25	75
Relevant to Global need		✓	Employability Oriented	✓	Addresses Professional Ethics			✓		
Relevant to National need			Entrepreneurship Oriented	✓	Addresses Gender Sensitization					
Relevant to Regional need			Skill Development Oriented	✓	Addresses Environment and Sustainability			✓		
Relevant to Local need					Addresses Human Values					
Course Objectives										
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> To introduce the concepts in Geomorphology in adequate manner, many facets of surface relief features and to understand various aspects of their growth and evolution on the Earth. To understand landscape evolution through time and space To understand the processes that shapes the landforms around us. To apply geomorphologic concepts to identify and analyze the environmental and resources issues for sustainable development To suggest the tools for reading in the landscape the signs of geomorphologic hazards and risks, human interference and geomorphologic resources 										
CC-I (T) Applied Geomorphology										
Unit – 1 Scope of Applied Geomorphology										
Definition – Nature and scope of Applied Geomorphology – Fundamental concepts in Geomorphology – Geosynclines and mountain building process – Hill slope evolution - Geomorphic ideas of Davis, Penck and L.C.King.										
Unit – 2 Energy Flow in Geomorphic System										
System concepts in geomorphologic studies – Structure and composition of earth – Theories of Continental Drift – Plate Tectonics and Isostasy - Seismicity and Volcanism- Climatic and Tectonic changes and impacts.										
Unit – 3 Weathering and Mass Wasting										
Weathering: Mechanical, Chemical and Biological weathering- Structure, Process and Time in weathering- Soil: Soil formation – Types of soils – Soil conservation practices - Mass wasting: causes and classes of mass wasting – Planning and control resources.										
Unit – 4 Process Geomorphology										
Drainage: Drainage Basin – Basin morphometry – Fluvial system: erosion, sedimentation and structural adjustments in the fluvial system; Waves: Waves dynamics - evolution of shores and construction and destruction of coastal region; Arid landforms and its evolution- Karst and speleology; Glacial process, erosion and depositional landforms.										
Unit – 5 Applications of Geomorphology										
Landscape and land evaluation - Hazard analysis –Applications in Agriculture, Water resources, urban and mineral exploration.										

Expected Course Outcomes:		
1	A clear understanding of the key concepts of geomorphology and dynamic aspects of landform development.	K1, K2
2	Understand the relationship between geomorphologic processes, natural resources and environmental impacts	K2, K5
3	Ability to analyze the geomorphologic hazards and risks associated to geomorphic processes	K4, K5
4	Learn the various tools and techniques relevant to the applied aspects of Geomorphology in various fields.	K3, K5
5	Knowledge on landscape development and skill on the use of geomorphic process, features and event in resources and environmental planning and management	K3, K6
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 – Create		
Text Book(s)		
1	Paul R. Bierman, David R. Montgomery (2020), “Key concepts in Geomorphology”, Macmillan Publications, New York.	
2	Richard John Huggett (2011), “Fundamentals of Geomorphology”, Routledge, Taylor & Francis, London.	
3	Robert, S.A and Suzanne, P.A (2010),”Geomorphology – The mechanics and chemistry of landscapes, Cambridge University Press.	
4	Ramkumar, M (2009),”Geological hazards: Causes, Consequences and methods of Containment”, New India Publishers, New Delhi.	
5	Savindra Singh (2019),. “Geomorphology” Pravalika Publications, Allahabad, India	
Reference Book(s)		
1.	Abbas Farshad (2006), “Introduction to applied Geomorphology for soil scientists” Earth Systems Analysis (ESA) Surface Processes Group (Geohazards), ITC, Enschede, The Netherlands.	
2.	Andrew Goudie (2003),” Encyclopedia of Geomorphology”, Routledge, Taylor & Francis, New York.	
3.	Arthur L. Bloom (2002),”Geomorphology – A Systematic Analysis to Late Cenozoic landforms; Prentice – Hall of India Pvt., Ltd., New Delhi.	
4.	Bridge, J.S., (2003),”Rivers and Floodplains: Forms, Processes, and Sedimentary Record”, Blackwell Publishing, Oxford.	
5.	Grotzinger, J., Jordan, T., Press, F. and Siever, R., (2007), “Understanding Earth (5th ed.)”, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York, ISBN 0-7167-6682-5	
6.	Ruhe, R.V. (1982), “Geomorphology”, Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company	
7.	William D. Thornbury (1954),”Principles of Geomorphology”, John Willy & sons, Inc., London.	
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]		
1	https://earthsurface.readthedocs.io/en/latest/	
2	https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/earth-atmospheric-and-planetary-sciences/12-163-	

Mapping with Programme Outcomes (MPO)

MPO	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	1	2	1	1
CO2	2	1	1	2	2
CO3	1	2	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	2
CO5	1	2	2	1	1

Map **Course Outcomes (CO)** for each Course with **Programme Specific Outcomes (PSO)** in the 3-Point scale of **1,2, 3 (Strong, Medium and Low)**

METHOD OF EVALUATION

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester	Examination Total	Grade
25	75	100	

SEMESTER –I

Programm : M.S., Geography	Part I Core
Semester : I	Hours: 6/W
Sub Code : P23CG2	Credits: 6

TITLE: APPLIED CLIMATOLOGY

Relevant to Global need	✓	Employability Oriented	✓	Addresses Professional Ethics	✓
Relevant to National need		Entrepreneurship Oriented	✓	Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need		Skill Development Oriented	✓	Addresses Environment and Sustainability	✓
Relevant to Local need				Addresses Human Values	

Course outcome

1. Gaining basic knowledge about weather elements
2. Learning patterns of global wind circulation
3. Understanding world climatic classification, climate change and global warming
4. Acquiring skills in micro level climate, weather forecasting methods and weather measurement techniques
5. Demonstrate applicable solutions for climate change

COURSE DETAILS

UNIT-1 Nature and Scope of Applied Climatology

Nature and scope of applied Climatology- the development of applied climatology, Atmosphere: Its composition (gaseous) and structure; Insolation, heating of land and water; temperature and pressure: and pressure distribution; temperature zones, heat balance, and pressure belts.

UNIT-2 Global Wind System

Global wind circulation: Tricellular meridional circulation; Planetary winds; trade winds, westerlies and polar winds; Air masses: continental and maritime; fronts and their types; clouds; precipitation: thunderstorms, cyclones (tropical and temperate) and anti-cyclones.

UNIT-3 Climate Change and Global Warming

Climatic classifications; Indian climates and climatic zones; micro climates, agro-climates and urban climates; urban air pollution problems- global climate change; global warming and their likely impacts on human life- El Nino, La Nino.

UNIT-4 Impact of Climate on Environment

Effects of climate on Natural vegetation, Soil and its erosion, Agriculture, Animal husbandary, Housing and house types, Human health and comfort.

UNIT-5 Weather Forecasting

Weather forecasting: Short range and Long-range Forecasting – Weather Satellites and Sensors– Sounding s- Weather Maps – Field Instruments in Forecasts.

Text Book(s)		
Expected Course Outcomes:		
1	To recall weather elements and its importance	K1, K2
2	Discuss various wind around the world	K5, K3
3	To compare climatic classification for global and regional level	K3, K4
4	Apply various weather forecasting methods	K4, K5
5	Analysing the Characteristics of Urban Heat Island	K5, K6
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 – Create		
1	Perry, Allen, and Russell Thompson. Applied climatology: principles and practice. Routledge, 2013. Thompson, R. (1997). Applied climatology: principles and practice. Psychology Press.	
2	Hobbs, John E. Applied climatology: a study of atmospheric resources. Elsevier, 2016.	
3	Rohli, Robert V., and Anthony J. Vega. Climatology. Jones & Bartlett Learning, 2017.	
4	Khan, A., Chatterjee, S., & Wang, Y. (2020). Urban Heat Island Modeling for Tropical Climates. Elsevier.	
5	Hartmann, D. L. (2015). Global physical climatology (Vol. 103). Newnes.	
Reference Book(s)		
1	Ahrens, C. D. (2011). Essentials of meteorology: an invitation to the atmosphere. Cengage Learning.	
2	Ahrens, C. D. (2012). Meteorology today: an introduction to weather, climate, and the environment. Cengage Learning.	
3	Collins, M., An, S. I., Cai, W., Ganachaud, A., Guilyardi, E., Jin, F. F., ... & Wittenberg, A. (2010). The impact of global warming on the tropical Pacific Ocean and El Niño. Nature Geoscience, 3(6), 391-397.	
4	Elizabeth Kolbert, (2006) Field Notes from A Catastrophe: Man, Nature and Climate Change, Bloomsbury Publishing Plc.	
5	Howard J. Critch field (1995); General Climatology; Prentice, Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.	

6	Huang, P., Xie, S. P., Hu, K., Huang, G., & Huang, R. (2013). Patterns of the seasonal response of tropical rainfall to global warming. Nature Geoscience
7	Kelkar, R. R. (2007). Satellite meteorology. BS Publications.
8	Kidder, S. Q., Kidder, R. M., & Haar, T. H. V. (1995). Satellite meteorology: an introduction. Gulf Professional Publishing.
9	Lisa F. Schipper and Ian Burton (Ed.) (2008) Adaptation to climate Change, Earthscan Reader Series,
10	Mather, J. R. (1974): Climatology: Fundamentals and Applications, Mc Graw Hill, New York.
11	Oliver, John E. (1973): Climate and Man's Environment: An Introduction to Applied Climatology, John Wiley & Sons, New York, London.
12	Thompson, R. D. and Allen, P. (1997): Applied Climatology: Principles and Practice, Routledge, London and New York.
WEB SOURCE:	
1	https://public.wmo.int/en/resources/training
2	https://metnet.imd.gov.in/phps/imdweb_imdnews.php
3	https://www.un.org/en/climatechange/speeches
4	https://www.ipcc.ch/data/
5	https://www.greenclimate.fund/publications
6	https://mausam.imd.gov.in/imd_latest/contents/satellite.php

METHOD OF EVALUATION

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester	Examination Total	Grade
25	75	100	

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the End of course, the students will be able to:

MPO	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	1	2	1	1
CO2	1	1	1	1	2
CO3	3	1	1	1	1
CO4	1	2	2	1	2
CO5	1	1	1	2	1

Map **Course Outcomes (CO)** for each Course with **Programme Specific Outcomes (PSO)** in the 3-Point scale of **1,2, 3 (Strong, Medium and Low)**

SEMESTER –I

Programm : M.Sc., Geography	Part I Core
Semester : I	Hours: 6/W
Sub Code : P23CG3P	Credits: 6

TITLE: PRACTICAL-I TECHNIQUES OF MAPPING AND MAP INTERPRETATION

Relevant to Global need		Employability Oriented		Addresses Professional Ethics	
Relevant to National need		Entrepreneurship Oriented		Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need		Skill Development Oriented		Addresses Environment and Sustainability	
Relevant to Local need				Addresses Human Values	
Course Objectives:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To introduce the concepts practically in mapping and map analysis 2. To understand the various aspects of map reading, interpretation and representation of various data through maps. 3. To provide a basic understanding in the field of interpretation and interpolation. 4. To understand the theoretical and practical methods pertaining to map making. 5. To understand the concepts and importance of various analysis used in mapping. 6. 					
Unit – 1		MAP AND INTERPRETATION			
Map appreciation and interpretation: thematic, topographic and atlas maps- mapping and analysis: Relative relief and slope maps; height and hypsometric curves; stream Analysis					
Unit – 2		CLIMATE AND HYDROLOGY			
Climate and Hydrology: climograph and climatograph; rainfall variability, temperature and rainfall profiles; deviation and dispersion graph; water balance graphs					
Unit – 3		POPULATION AND ECONOMIC DATA MAPPING			

Population and economic data mapping: Dot maps: Mono dot, Multiple dot; Density maps; Choropleth and Isopleth - Colour and Grey scale patterns.		
Unit – 4	Agricultural data mapping	
Index of concentration and diversification; crop combination techniques		
Unit – 5	Transport Network Analysis	
spatial interaction, measures of transport network analysis		
Expected Course Outcomes:		
1	Understanding the importance of various mapping techniques in geographical study	K1, K2
2	Understand the procedures and steps involved in the interpretation of thematic, topographic and atlas maps etc.	K2, K3
3	Learn the quantitative applications involved in mapping and interpolation.	K3, K6
4	Ability to analyze and perform analysis like network analysis, stream analysis, point and line pattern analysis.	K4, K5
5	Capable of creating maps based on appropriate cartographic knowledge.	K5, K6
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 Create		

Text Book(s)	
1	Tamaskar, B. G., Deshmukh, V. M. (1974): Geographical Interpretation of Indian Topographical Maps, Orient Longman Ltd., Bombay
2	Lawrence, G.R.P. (1971). Cartographic Methods, Methuen & Co., Canada

3	Worthington, B.D.R. and Robert Gent (1975): Techniques in Map Analysis, Ebenzer Baylis and Sons, USA.
4	Singh, R.L., Singh, R.P.B. 2008. Elements of Practical Geography, Kalyani Publishers.
5	Ramamurthy, K. (1982): Map Interpretation, Rex Printers, Madras
6	Understanding Map Projection (2003-2004): GIS by ESRI, Redlands
7	Chrisman, N. (1997): Exploring Geographic Information systems, John Wiley & Sons., New York
8	The ESRI Guide to GIS Analysis, by Andy Mitchell, ESRI Press, 1999, 188 pp.
Reference Books	
1	Monkhouse, F.J., and Wilkinson, H.R. (1976): Maps and Diagrams, Methuen & Co., London.
2	Miller, Austin (1953): The skin of the Earth, Methuen & Co. Ltd. London
3	Pearson II, F. 1990. Map Projections: Theory and Applications 2nd ed, CRC Press.
4	Kimerling, A.J., Buckley, A.R., Muehrcke, P.C., Muehrcke, J.O. 2011. Map Use: Reading, Analysis, Interpretation, 7th ed, Esri Press.
5	Sarkar, A. 2015. Practical Geography: A Systematic Approach, 3rd ed, Orient Blackswan Private Ltd.
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	www.sevenoaks.wa.edu.au/linkpage/geog/copy.html
2	http://www.esri.com/
3	www.gisdevelopment.net/books/mapping/bmap0010.html

METHOD OF EVALUATION

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester	Examination Total	Grade
40	60	100	

SEMESTER I

Program : M.Sc., Geography	Part I Core
Semester : I	Hours: 6/W
Sub Code : P23DG01	Credits: 3

TITLE: POPULATION AND SETTLEMENT GEOGRAPHY

Pre-Requisite	Basic knowledge in population and settlement geography				
Relevant to Global need		Employability Oriented	✓	Addresses Professional Ethics	✓
Relevant to National need	✓	Entrepreneurship Oriented		Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need	✓	Skill Development Oriented	✓	Addresses Environment and Sustainability	✓
Relevant to	✓			Addresses Human	✓

Local need			Values	
Course Objectives				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> To explain the arguments and assumptions of dominant theories of population change in time and space understanding of nature, scope and evolution of population geography through spatial and temporal It also helpful in knowing various kinds of demographic problems. Study of population is an essential component in planning of various human related issues. Population Geography also deals in population policies in developed & developing countries. 				
UNIT -1 SCOPE OF POPULATION GEOGRAPHY				
Nature and scope of population geography, Sources of population data (census, sample surveys and vital statistics) data reliability and errors. Demographic Transition, Theories of Population Growth (Malthus, Sadler and Ricardo).				
UNIT-2 GROWTH, DISTRIBUTION AND MIGRATION				
Determinants of growth and distribution of world population: Spatial pattern of growth and Distribution – overpopulation, under population and optimum population; Migration: Push and pull factors – Types and consequences.				
UNIT-3 POPULATION COMPOSITION AND CHARACTERISTICS				
Fertility and Mortality Analysis (indices, determinants and world patterns). Population Composition and Characteristics: age, sex, rural-urban, occupational structure and educational levels. Population Policies in Developed and Developing Countries.				
UNIT-4 MORPHOLOGY OF RURAL AND URBAN SETTLEMENT				
Rural settlements: Patterns, morphology, house types and functions; Urban settlements: Morphology of Indian cities; Functional classification of Indian cities; Characteristics of Conurbations and metropolitan regions; Functions of urban settlements; Urban sprawl; Town Planning; Problems of urbanisation and remedies.				
UNIT-5 URBAN EXPANSION				
Conurbations and metropolitan regions; Urban sprawl; Slums and associated problems; Town planning; Problems of urbanisation and remedies.				

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to		
1	Understand population policies & its importance, Population distribution and its problems.	K1, K2
2	Assessment of vital statistics of population data	K2, K3
3	Acquire and interweave theoretical foundation for addressing research issues related to population dynamics in the real world	K3, K6
4	Acquiring, handling and analysing population data both at the grassroots level and secondary sources	K4, K5
5	Recollect types and patterns of urban and rural settlement	K4, K6
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 – Create		
Text Books		

1	Beaujeu-Garnier, J. (1966). Geography of Population (Translated by Beaver, S.H.) Longmans, London.
2	Census of India (2001). Series-I India Provisional Population Totals. Published by Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India.
3	Census of India, (1991). India: A State Profile Published by office of the Registrar General of India, Census Operations, New Delhi
4	Chandna, R.C. (2000). Geography of Population: Concepts, Determinants and Patterns, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
5	Clark J.1 (1965). Population Geography, Permagon Press, New York, 1965.
Reference Books	
1	Mohammad Izhar Hassan (2020). Population Geography: A Systematic Exposition, Routledge, India.
2	Mohammed I. Hassan (2006). Population Geography. Rawat; New title edition.
3	Peters: G.L. and Larkim R.P (1979). Population Geography: Problems, Concepts and Prospects Kendele-Hunt Iowa.
4	Sundram K.V. & Nangia Sudesh, (editors) (1986). Population Geography, Heritage Publishers, Delhi.
5	Trewartha, G.T. (1969). Geography of Population: World Patterns, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York.

Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://ncert.nic.in/ncerts/l/legy201.pdf
2	https://www.amyglenn.com/geog-regional/geog1303population.htm
3	https://www.bdu.ac.in/cde/slm/slm_sample/msc-geography.pdf
4	https://mu.ac.in/wp-content/uploads/2021/04/t.y.b.a.-paper-7-population-and-economic-geography-e.pdf
5	https://ncert.nic.in/ncerts/l/legy201.pdf

METHOD OF EVALUATION

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester	Examination Total	Grade
25	75	100	

Mapping with Programme Outcomes (MPO)*					
MPO	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	1	2	1	2
CO2	1	1	3	1	1
CO3	1	2	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	1	1	1	2	2

Map **Course Outcomes (CO)** for each Course with **Programme Specific Outcomes (PSO)** in the 3-Point scale of **1,2, 3 (Strong, Medium and Low)**

SEMESTER - 1

Programm : M.Sc., Geography	Part I Core
Semester : I	Hours: 6/W
Sub Code : P23DG02	Credits: 3

PREAMBLE: To provide an overview and theoretical framework of urban geography. To learn the internal spatial structure of cities. To analyze pattern of land use, racial and ethnic segregation, economic restructuring, gentrification and new urbanism. Comparative models of internal city and structure of the cities.					
Relevant to Global need		Employability Oriented	✓	Addresses Professional Ethics	✓
Relevant to	✓	Entrepreneurship		Addresses Gender	

National need		Oriented		Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need	✓	Skill Development Oriented	✓	Addresses Environment and Sustainability	✓
Relevant to Local need	✓			Addresses Human Values	✓

TITLE: URBAN GEOGRAPHY

COURSE OUTCOME	Unit	Hrs P/S
At the end of the Semester, the Students will be able to		
UNIT 1 CO1: Understand the nature & scope: urban geography is the study of urban places with reference to their geographical environment.	1	15
UNIT 2 CO2: Analyze the Demographic structure: it encompasses the size, structure and distribution with spatial changes.	2	15
UNIT 3 CO3 Analyze the urban models and the form of human settlements and their process and rebuild the formation and transformation.	3	15
UNIT 4 CO4: know the city region concept: Made to formulate certain rules regarding the relationship between population size and size of the city.	4	15
UNIT 5 CO5: Analyze urban problems: To estimate the tremendous growth of population and consequences in housing, congestions, civic and infrastructure deteriorating.	5	15

SYLLABUS

UNIT I: Nature, Scope and development of Urban Geography – Urbanization – Factors Affecting Urban growth – World Urbanization – Urbanization in India.

UNIT II: Demographic Structure of Cities – Age and Sex Structure –Occupational Structure –Urban Land use models; 1, 2, 3– Central Business District – Delimitation – Residential Land Use.

UNIT III: Urban Land Use models – Burges – Hoyt – Harris and Ullman – Urban Expansion – Vertical and Horizontal – Urban Sprawl – Urban Fringe – Suburban Growth – Concept of Satellite Towns.

UNIT IV: City Region Concept – Distance Decay – Umland Demarcation – Conurbation – Urban Hierarchy – Rank Size Rule and Central Place Theory.

UNIT V : Urban Problems – Slums, Transport, Solid Waste Management – Drinking Water Supply – Pollution – Urban planning.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE

1. Alam, S.M. Hyderabad - Secunderabad Twin Cities - Asia Publishing House, Bombay - 1964.
2. Berry ,B.J.L. and Horton F.F - Geographical Perspectives on Urban systems - Prentice Hall, Englewood, New Jersey - 1970.
3. Carter - The study of urban geography - Edward Arnold Publishers , London - 1972
4. Chorley, R.J.O., Haggett P – Models in Geography - Methuen, London - 1966.

5. Dickinson, R.E - City and Region, Routledge ,London - 1964.
 6. Dwyer ,D.J - The city as a centre of change in Asia - University of Hond kong Press, Hongkong - 1971.
 7. Gibbs J.P - Urban Research Methods - D.Van Nostrand Co. Inc. Princeton, New Jersey - 1961.
 8. Hall P - Urban and Regional Planning - Routledge, London - 1992.
 9. Hauser, Phillp M. and Schnore Leo F - The study of urbanisation, Wiley, New York - 1965.
 10. James. P.E. and Jones C.F - American Geography - Inventory and Prospect - Syracuse University Press, Syracuse - 1954.
 11. Kundu, A - Urban Development and Urban Research in India - Khanna Publication - 1992.
 12. Meyor, H.M. Kohn C.F - Reading in Urban Geography - University of Chicago Press, Chicaga - 1955.
 13. Mandal R.B Urban Geography A Text book –Concept publishing Company, New Delhi-1987
 14. Mumford, L - Cultural of Cities - McMillan & Co., London - 1958.
 15. Nangia , Sudesh - Delhi Metropolitan Region : A Study in Settlement Geography - Rajesh Publication – 1976
 16. Smailes A.E - The Geography of Towns, Hutchinnson, London, 1953.
 17. Singh K and Steinberg F - Urban India in Crisis. New Age Interns, New Delhi - 1998.
- Tewari, Vinod K. Jay A. Weinstein, VLS Prakasa Rao – Indian Cities: Ecological Perspectives - concept Publishing Co., New Delhi – 1986.

UNITS	TOPIC	LECTURE HOURS	MODE OF TEACHING
UNIT 1 Nature & Scope			
	Development of Urban geography	5	Chalk & talk – student evaluation
	World urbanization	5	PPT lecture and group discussion
	Urbanization in India	5	PPT & Reference through Journals
UNIT 11 Urban & Demographic structure			
	Site & Situation	5	Chalk & talk – student evaluation
	Functional Classification	5	Reference – journals
	Population structure	5	Videos/ ICT
UNIT III urban Morphology			

	Land use models	5	PPT lecture and Group Discussion								
	Theory	5	Chalk & talk and reference								
	Urban Expansion	5	Videos / e- content								
UNIT IV City region concept:											
	Concepts	5	PPT lecture								
	Rank size rule	5	Reference – Practical assessment								
	Central place theory	5	PPT lecture								
UNIT V Urban problems											
	Housing	5	Field work – questionnaire								
	Transport	5	Field work & Group Discussion								
	Planning	5	PPT/ e-content								
Course outcomes(cos)	Programme outcomes (pos)					Programme specific outcomes (PSOs)					Mean scores of Cos
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	
CO1	3	4	5	5	5	3	4	4	3	5	3.0
CO2	4	5	5	4	3	4	5	5	4	4	3.1
CO3	3	4	5	5	4	4	5	4	5	4	3.1
CO4	5	4	4	3	5	5	3	4	5	5	3.1
CO5	3	4	5	4	5	5	4	5	5	5	3.2
mean Overall score											3.45

METHOD OF EVALUATION

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester	Examination Total	Grade
25	75	100	

SEMESTER –I

Programm : M.Sc., Geography	ELECTIVE (E2)
Semester : I	Hours: 6/W
Sub Code : P23DG03	Credits: 3

TITLE: TRANSPORT GEOGRAPHY

Pre-requisite	Basic knowledge in Geography				
Relevant to Global need	✓	Employability Oriented		Addresses Professional Ethics	✓

Relevant to National need	✓	Entrepreneurship Oriented		Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need	✓	Skill Development Oriented	✓	Addresses Environment and Sustainability	
Relevant to Local need	✓			Addresses Human Values	✓

Course Objectives:

1. Understand the purpose and importance of Transportation Geography
2. Explain the spatial organization of transport systems
3. Examine the role of transportation system in energy, environment and economy
4. Discuss the modes of transportation and trade and urban transportation
5. Apply and evaluate the concepts in planning and policy for sustainable development

UNIT-1 INTRODUCTION

Nature and Scope of Transport Geography – Importance of Transport – Development of Transport Geography – Transport Development.

UNIT-2 TRANSPORTATION AND SPATIAL STRUCTURE

Geography of Transportation Networks-Transport and Spatial Organization-Transport and Location-Information Technologies and Mobility

UNIT-3 TRANSPORTATION, ENERGY, ENVIRONMENT, ECONOMY AND SOCIETY

Transportation and Economic Development- Transportation and Energy- Transportation and Environmental justice- Sustainability and Decarbonisations -Transportation and Society- Transport Costs- Demand of Transportation Services.

UNIT-4 MODES OF TRANSPORTATION

Road, Rail and Pipelines, Maritime and Air Transport-Intermodal Transportation and Containerization-Transport Terminals and Hinterlands- Port, Rail and Airport Terminals.

UNIT-5 TRANSPORTATION TRADE

Trans-border and Cross-border Transportation- Globalization and International Trade- Freight Transportation and Value Chains- Transport hubs.

Expected Course Outcomes:		
1	Understand the basics of spatial structure of transportation network	K2, K6
2	Analyse the transport systems and problem from a spatial perspective.	K2, K3
3	Assess the environment, energy and other socio-economic dimensions with reference to transportation development	K2, K5
4	Evaluate different modes of transportation and trade for sustainable developmental activities	K4, K2
5	Evaluate the role of transportation in affecting current patterns of economic development and spatial planning	K1, K6
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 – Create		
Text Book(s)		
1	Black, W. (2003) Transportation: A Geographical Analysis. New York: Guilford.	
2	Haggett, P. (2001) Geography: A Modern Synthesis, 4th Edition, New York: Prentice Hall.	
3	Jean-Paul Rodrigue (20220) The Geography of Transport System, Routledge Taylor & Francis Group, Newyork	
4	Keeling, D.J. (2007) “Transportation Geography: New Directions on Well-Worn Trails”, Progress in Human Geography, 31(2), 217-225.	
5	Keeling, D.J. (2008) “Transportation Geography – New Regional Mobilities”, Progress in Human Geography, Vol. 32, No. 2, pp. 275-283.	

6	Knowles, R., J. Shaw and I. Docherty (eds) (2008) Transport Geographies: Mobilities, Flows and Spaces, Malden, MA: Blackwell.
Reference Book(s)	
1	Schiller, P.L., and J.R. Ken worthy (2018) An Introduction to Sustainable Transportation: Policy, Planning and Implementation, New York: Rout ledge
2	Tolley, R. and B. Turton (1995) Transport Systems, Policy and Planning: A Geographical Approach Burnt Mill, Harlow, Essex: Longman.
3	Ullman, E.L. (1980) Geography as Spatial Interaction, Seattle: University of Washington Press
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://transportgeography.org/
2	https://cbpbu.ac.in/userfiles/file/2020/STUDY_MAT/GEO/null.pdf
3	https://unece.org/transport

Mapping with Programme Outcomes (MPO)*

MPO	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	1	3	3	2	1
CO3	2	2	1	2	2
CO4	1	2	1	2	1
CO5	3	1	1	1	2

Map **Course Outcomes (CO)** for each Course with **Programme Specific Outcomes (PSO)** in the 3-Point scale of **1,2, 3 (Strong, Medium and Low)**.

METHOD OF EVALUATION

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester	Examination Total	Grade
25	75	100	

SEMESTER –I

Programm : M.Sc., Geography	ICT 1 CHOICE 2
Semester : I	Hours: 6/W
Sub Code : P23DG04	Credits: 3

TITLE: AGRICULTURAL GEOGRAPHY

Relevant to Global need	✓	Employability Oriented		Addresses Professional Ethics	
Relevant to National need	✓	Entrepreneurship Oriented		Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need	✓	Skill Development Oriented		Addresses Environment and Sustainability	✓
Relevant to Local need	✓			Addresses Human Values	✓

PREAMBLE: It is a branch of economic geography; explain the approaches, agricultural types and determinants, modernization of agriculture, green revolution and theories. Analyse the agricultural data agricultural regions.

COURSE OUTCOME		Unit	Hrs P/S
At the end of the Semester, the Students will be able to			
UNIT 1 CO1: understand nature, scope and significance of agricultural geography		1	18
UNIT 2 CO2: acquire knowledge about agricultural determinants modernization of agriculture- green revolution		2	18
UNIT 3 CO3: know the significance von thunen's theory and land use and land capability classification		3	18
UNIT 4 CO4: evaluate the agricultural productivity		4	18
UNIT 5 CO5: understand the regionalization of agriculture		5	18

SYLLABUS

Unit 1: Nature, scope and significance of Agricultural Geography - Approaches to the study of Agricultural geography - Elements of agriculture.

Unit 2: Determinants of agriculture - Physical, economic, social, institutional and technological determinants

Unit 3: Von Thunen's theory of agricultural location and its recent modifications - Land use - Types - Land use surveys - Land capability classification - Role of Remote Sensing in Land Use Studies.

Unit 4: Agricultural productivity - Factors affecting productivity - Measurement of agricultural productivity - Crop combination - Delimitation of crop combination regions - Weaver, Doi, Rafiullah - Crop diversification regions –

Unit 5: Agricultural regions of the world - A review of Whittlessey's agricultural classification- Agricultural regions of India - Bhatia's method. – Characteristics of Indian Agriculture - Agricultural regions of Tamil Nadu.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE											
Course outcomes (COs)	Programme outcomes (POs)					Programme specific outcomes (PSOs)					Mean scores of Cos
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	
1. Vasishth Singh - Agricultural Geography - Tata Mc Graw Hill -1994.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
2. Majid Husain - Systematic Agricultural Geography - Rawat Publication Jaipur - 2002.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO1	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO2	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
CO3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
CO4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
CO5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
2000. mean Overall score											4.4
6. Siddhartha.K - Economic Geography - Kisalya Publications Pvt.Ltd - 2000.											
7. Raina.J.L - Agricultural Geography - Pointer Publishing Jaipur - 1997.											
8. Yadav.S.S.&Ram Kumar Gurjar - Agricultural Ecology - pointer publishers , Jaipur - 1993											

UNITS	TOPIC	LECTURE HOURS	MODE OF TEACHING
UNIT I			
	Nature, scope, significance and approaches	18	Chalk and talk and PPT
UNIT II			
	Agricultural types	8	Chalk and talk and PPT
	determinants	8	Chalk and talk and PPT
	Green revolution	6	Chalk and talk and PPT
UNIT III			
	Von thunen's Theory	5	Chalk and talk and PPT

	Land use and land capability and classification	5	Chalk and talk and PPT
UNIT IV			
	Agricultural productivity determinants	5	Chalk and talk and PPT
	Agricultural statistics	5	Chalk and talk and PPT
	Measurements of agricultural productivity	5	Chalk and talk and PPT
UNIT V			
	Cropping pattern, crop combination	7	Chalk and talk and PPT
	Ranking, concentration and diversification	7	Chalk and talk and PPT
	Agricultural regions of india and tamilnadu	7	Chalk and talk and PPT

METHOD OF EVALUATION

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester	Examination Total	Grade
25	75	100	

SEMESTER –II

Programm : M.Sc., Geography	CC4
Semester : II	Hours: 6/W
Sub Code : P23CG4	Credits: 5

TITLE: PRINCIPLES OF CARTOGRAPHY

Relevant to Global need	✓	Employability Oriented	✓	Addresses Professional Ethics	✓
Relevant to National need		Entrepreneurship Oriented	✓	Addresses Gender Sensitization	✓

Relevant to Regional need		Skill Development Oriented	✓	Addresses Environment and Sustainability	✓
Relevant to Local need				Addresses Human Values	

Pre-requisite	Basic knowledge in Cartography
Course Objectives:	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Exploring and defining principles of cartography, emerging trends in cartography and information age 2. Understanding the basics of geodesy and map projections 3. Gaining skills in map symbols, cartographic design, representation and production of maps, and map composition 4. Critically assessing online resources, software and its uses for interactive mapping 5. Discussing the importance of web mapping and geospatial data policy 	
UNIT – 1 FUNDAMENTALS OF CARTOGRAPHY	
History and future of cartography - Information age and mapping, Cartography as language and communication -visual thinking and visual communication-spatial information system.	
UNIT-2 MAP PROJECTIONS AND COORDINATE SYSTEMS	
Geodesy, coordinate systems, and map projections- geographical data – spatial objects and attributes – map scale and accuracy.	
UNIT-3 MAP DESIGN AND LAYOUT	
Cartographic design principles – Map compilation – levels of data measurement, generalization – map Symbolization – Quantitative and Quantitative symbols – graphic communication – map elements and Layout.	
UNIT-4 TERRAIN AND SURFACE ANALYSIS	
Production and Map output - Typography & Labelling - Thematic Map Forms - Animation – Isarithm, choropleth and Surface mapping-map reproduction.	
UNIT-5 ONLINE AND WEB SERVICE	
E-Mapping online map data source-Geospatial web services-Dynamic/Interactive Mapping-Cartography and Spatial information policy.	

Expected Course Outcomes		
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:		
1	Understand the cartographic concepts, recent trends and the use of information technology	K1, K2
2	Explain the fundamental importance of map scale and benefits and limitations of map projections	K2, K3
3	Demonstrate cartographic techniques, generalisation regarding map design and layout, graphical and visual variables	K3, K6

4	Obtain the skills in creating reference and thematic maps using hard copies and web maps	K4, K5
5	Able to generate digital maps from opensource data, analyse and interpret the interactive maps	K4, K6
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 – Create		
Text Books		
1	Kraak, M.J. and F.J. Ormeling (1996). Cartography: Visualisation of Spatial data, Longman Ltd., England.	
2	Robinson, A.H., J.L.Morrison, P.C., Muehrcke, A.J.Kimerling and S.C.Guptill (1995). Elements of Cartography, 6th Edition. New York. John Wiley & Sons. USA.	
Reference Books.		
1	Tyner, J. (1992). Introduction to Thematic Cartography, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliff, New Jersey.	
2	Tyner, J.A. (2014) Principles of Map Design. New York, NY: Guilford Press.	
3	Misra, R.P. and A.Ramesh (1989). Fundamentals of Cartography, Concepts Publishing Company, New Delhi.	
4	Monkhouse, F.J. and Wilkinson, H.R., (1971). Maps and diagrams: their compilation and construction. Methuen.	
5	Brewer, C. A. (2005). Designing Better Maps. Redlands, CA: ESRI Press. (ISBN 1-58948-089-9)	
6	Dent, B.D., Torguson, J.S. and Hodler, T.W. (2009). Cartography: Thematic Map Design. Boston: McGraw-Hill. 6th edition. (ISBN: 978-0-07-294382-5)	
7	Jennings, Ken. (2011). Map head: Charting the Wide, Weird World of Geography Wonks. New York: Scribner	
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.		
1	http://www.fes.uwaterloo.ca/crs/geog165/cart.htm	
2	http://www.colorado.edu/geography/gcraft/notes/cartocom/cartocom_ftoc.html#3.0	
3	http://www.earthsensing.com/cart/resources/carthelp.html	

Mapping with Programme Outcomes (MPO)*

MPO	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	1	1	1	2
CO2	1	1	3	1	1
CO3	2	1	1	2	2
CO4	1	1	2	1	1
CO5	1	2	1	1	1

Map **Course Outcomes (CO)** for each Course with **Programme Specific Outcomes (PSO)** in the 3-Point scale of **1,2, 3 (Strong, Medium and Low)**.

METHOD OF EVALUATION

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester	Examination Total	Grade
25	75	100	

\SEMESTER –II

Programm : M.Sc., Geography	CC5
Semester : II	Hours: 6/W
Sub Code : P23CG5	Credits: 5

TITLE: HYDROLOGY AND OCEANOGRAPHY

Relevant to Global need		✓	Employability Oriented		Addresses Professional Ethics	
Relevant to National need			Entrepreneurship Oriented		Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need		✓	Skill Development Oriented		Addresses Environment and Sustainability	✓
Relevant to Local need		✓			Addresses Human Values	✓

Pre-requisite Basic knowledge in Physical Geography

Course Objectives:

1. To Understand the stages of Hydrological cycle
2. To introduce a sound scientific knowledge of how water cycles through the Earth's atmosphere, surface and groundwater systems.
3. To Understand Significance of oceanography and hydrology in earth and atmospheric science, Configuration of the ocean floor and variation of temperature and salinity of oceans and seas.

UNIT-1 HYDROLOGIC CYCLE

Hydrological cycle and its sub-cycle; Man's interference on hydrological cycle - elements of hydrological cycle: precipitation - intensity and duration; evaporation; infiltration, surface runoff, urban flooding.

UNIT-2 CHARACTERISTICS AND FUNCTIONS OF FLUVIAL MORPHOLOGY

Drainage basin characteristics: human impact on hydrological system - morphometric analysis – fluvial process and analysis.

UNIT-3 AQUIFERS AND GROUNDWATER

Ground water - occurrence and types: movement -Principles of water balance and their application, - its relevance in crop geography; water pollution, need for water management.

UNIT-4 MORPHOLOGY OF OCEAN FLOOR

Surface configuration of the ocean floor: continental shelf, continental slope, abyssal plain, oceanic ridges and oceanic trenches - relief of Atlantic, Pacific and Indian oceans - distribution of temperature and salinity of oceans and seas.

UNIT-5 MOVEMENT OF OCEAN WATER AND OCEAN RESOURCES

Circulation of oceanic waters: waves, tides and currents; currents of the Atlantic, Pacific and Indian oceans. Marine deposits and coral reefs; - Oceans as storehouse of resources.

Expected Course Outcomes

1	Recall hydrological cycle, surface runoff and urban flooding	K1, K2
2	Knowledge on fluvial process and morphometry of drainage basin	K2, K5
3	Explain groundwater occurrence, types, movement, pollution and need for water management	K3, K5

4	Recall ocean waters movements, ocean deposits, coastal environment and coral reefs and discuss the global warming and Sea level rising	K5, K6
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 -Analyse; K5 -Evaluate; K6 - Create		

Text Book(s)	
1	Thurman, H. V. (2019). Essentials of oceanography.
2	Talley, L. D. (2011). Descriptive physical oceanography: an introduction. Academic press.
3	Donnet, S., & Canadian Science Advisory Secretariat. (2018). Coast of bays metrics: Geography, hydrology and physical oceanography of an aquaculture area of the South Coast of Newfoundland. Canadian Science Advisory Secretariat (CSAS).
4	Cracknell, A. P. (1981). Remote sensing in meteorology, oceanography and hydrology.
5	Park, S. K., & Xu, L. (Eds.). (2013). Data Assimilation for Atmospheric, Oceanic and Hydrologic Applications (Vol. II) (Vol. 2). Springer Science & Business Media.
6	Diaz, H. F. (2000). El Niño and the Southern Oscillation: multiscale variability and global and regional impacts. Cambridge University Press.

Reference Book(s)	
1	Manheim, F. T. (1966). Soviet Books and Publications on Geological and Chemical Oceanography, Hydrology, and Other Subjects Acquired During the Second International Oceanographic Congress, Moscow, June 1966: Titles and Some Translated Contents and Notes. Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution.
2	Addison, H. (1961). Land Water and Flood, Chapman and Hall, London.
3	Anikouchine, W.A. and Sternberg, R.W. (1973). The World Oceans - An Introduction to Oceanography, Englewood Cliffs, N.J.
4	Chorley, R.J. (ed) (1969). Introduction to Physical Hydrology, Methuen, London.
5	Chorley,R.J. (1967). Water, Earth and Man, methuen, London.
6	Grald, S. (1980). General Oceanography - An Introduction, John Wiley & Sons, New York.
7	Sharma, R.C. Vatel M (1970). Oceanography for Geographers, Chetnya Publishing House, Allahabad

8	Singh, R.A. and Singh, S.R. (1972). Water Management: Principles and Practices. Tara Publication, Varanasi.
9	Thurman, H.B. (1984). Introductory Oceanography, Charles Webber E. Merrill Publishing Co.
10	Todd, D.K. (1959). Ground Water Hydrology, John Wiley, New York.
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://online-learning.tudelft.nl/courses/introduction-to-water-and-climate/
2	https://www.mooc-list.com/tags/hydrology
3	https://www.usgs.gov/special-topic/water-science-school/science/what-hydrology
4	https://www.nationalgeographic.org/encyclopedia/hydrology/
5	https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/earth-and-planetary-sciences/hydrology

Mapping with Programme Outcomes (MPO)*					
MPO	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	1	1	1	2
CO2	1	2	1	1	1
CO3	1	1	2	1	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	1	1	3	2	2

Map **Course Outcomes (CO)** for each Course with **Programme Specific Outcomes (PSO)** in the 3-Point scale of 1, 2, 3 (**Strong, Medium and Low**).

METHOD OF EVALUATION

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester	Examination Total	Grade
25	75	100	

SEMESTER –II

Programm : M.Sc., Geography	CC6
Semester : II	Hours: 6/W
Sub Code : P23CG5	Credits: 4

PRACTICAL-II REMOTE SENSING DATA INTERPRETATION AND GNSS SURVEY

Relevant to Global need	Basic	✓	Employability Oriented	✓	Addresses Professional Ethics	✓
Relevant to National need		✓	Entrepreneurship Oriented	✓	Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need		✓	Skill Development Oriented	✓	Addresses Environment and Sustainability	✓
Relevant to Local need		✓			Addresses Human Values	✓

Pre-requisite knowledge in Remote sensing and soft skill of basic computing

Course Objectives

1. To train students on remote sensing data type and formats imagery products and their availability.
2. To give insights on processing methods and techniques for handling radiometric and geometric properties of remotely sensed
3. To give principles and methods of multi-resolutions and multi-spectral data fusion, multi- temporal processing and accuracy assessment.
4. To develop data processing automation through batch processing
5. To create necessary skills to generate and analyze high level remote sensing products

UNIT-1 Sources of Remote sensing Data. Interpretation of aerial photos and images

UNIT-2 Visual Image Interpretation-LISS-IKONOS-QUICK BIRD images

UNIT-3 Image display-digital value display- band differentiation

UNIT-4 Data collection using schedule method and questionnaire method.

UNIT-5 Field data collection-point-line-area-using GNSS.

Expected Course Outcomes

1	Understand quantitative remote sensing principles and integrate different tools for remote sensing data analysis.	K2, K1
2	Perform image corrections and enhancements and generate high level remote sensing products	K2, K4
3	Manipulate and process remote sensing data using manual and automated techniques	K3, K5
4	Critically compare different type of remote sensing data products and analysis technique and select the more appropriate to solve a real-world problem.	K3, K6
5	Create and analyze digital images using remote sensing technologies	K5, K6

Text Book(s)	
1	Congalton R.G and K. Green (2009),” Assessing the Accuracy of Remotely Sensed Data: Principles and Practices”, Second Edition, Boca Raton, CRC
2	Floyd F.Sabins (2020),”Remote Sensing: Principles of Interpretation and applications”, 4 th Edition, Waveland Press, Inc., Long Grove, Illinois, USA.
3	John A. Richards (2013),” Remote Sensing Digital Image Analysis – An Introduction”, (Fifth Edition). Springer-Verlag Berlin
4	John R.Jensen (2017),”Introductory Digital Image Processing : A Remote Sensing Perspective”, 4 th Edition, Pearson Series in Geographic Information Science
5	Robert, A. Schowengerdt (1983),” Techniques for Image Processing and classification in Remote Sensing”, Office of Arid Lands Studies, University of Arizona, Tucson, Arizona
6	Lilesand and Keifer (2000). Introduction to Remote sensing and Image Interpretation; John Willy & sons Ltd., New York.
Reference Book(s)	
1	Robert, G. Reeves (1983),”Manual of Remote Sensing Vol. I and II”, American Society of Photogrammetry, Falls, Church, USA.
2	Richards (1993),”Remote sensing digital Image Analysis – An Introduction”, Springer –Verlag.
3	Rafael C. Gonzalez,Richard Eugene Woods (2008),”Digital Image Processing,” Pearson/ Prentice Hall.
4	Annadurai (2007),”Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing”,Pearson Education.
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	http://mohua.gov.in/upload/uploadfiles/files/guideline_satellite.pdf
2	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_ce38/preview

Mapping with Programme Outcomes (MPO)*					
MPO	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	1	2	1	2
CO2	1	1	3	1	1
CO3	1	2	1	2	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	1	1	1	2	2

Map **Course Outcomes (CO)** for each Course with **Programme Specific Outcomes (PSO)** in the 3-Point scale of **1,2, 3 (Strong, Medium and Low)**

METHOD OF EVALUATION

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester	Examination Total	Grade
25	75	100	

SEMESTER –II

Programm : M.Sc., Geography	ELECTIVE (E2)
Semester : II	Hours: 5W
Sub Code : P23DG05	Credits: 3

TITLE: FIELD WORK AND MAPPING

Relevant to Global need	✓	Employability Oriented		Addresses Professional Ethics	
Relevant to National need	✓	Entrepreneurship Oriented		Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need	✓	Skill Development Oriented		Addresses Environment and Sustainability	✓
Relevant to Local need	✓			Addresses Human Values	✓

Course Objectives

1. To impart knowledge about basic principles of field surveying procedures and practices.
2. Geospatial applications and also to impart knowledge on advanced surveying, photogrammetry, remote sensing, and Geographic Information Systems (GIS).
3. The purpose of fieldwork is to prepare students for a professional career by providing them with a "real world" experience.
4. Writing report papers on the structure demonstrated analytical and research talents.

UNIT-1 FIELD WORK

The students will go for a field work in the Second and Fourth semester, which is compulsory and on the basis of that, each student has to submit a field work report as part of the second and fourth semester course work

UNIT-2 PLAN AND SCHEDULE

This course work contains - Plan and schedule of the work carried out and comprehensive report on the field work

UNIT-3 FIELD DATA COLLECTION

The Student should prepare an individual report based on primary and secondary data collected during field work. Field and digital techniques for map making including use of GIS, GPS, and digital tablets

UNIT-4 REPORT WRITING

The maximum length of the report should not exceed 12000 words, excluding figures, tables, photographs, maps, references and appendices.

UNIT-5 SUBMISSION

Each report must be accompanied by field notebook, a fair copy of map, related cross sections and other relevant documents.

Expected Course Outcomes

1	Understand various methods of Geospatial surveying	K1, K2
2	Estimate the observation outcomes based on field truth verification and getting	K2, K5

	exposure in field work documentation.	
3	Calculate area and volume and to generate various cartographic techniques.	K3, K4
4	Adopt appropriate survey method to address various field problems.	K5, K6
5	In this course, students will perform credible and original geographical research.	K4, K6
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 -Analyse; K5 -Evaluate; K6 – Create		

Text Book(s)	
1	Arora, K.R., Surveying, Vol-I, II and III, Standard Book House.
2	Punmia BC et al: Surveying Vol. I, II, Laxmi Publication
3	Manoj, K. Arora and Badjatia, Geomatics Engineering, Nem Chand & Bros, 2011
4	Chandra, A.M., Higher Surveying, Third Edition, New Age International (P) Limited, 2002
5	Caton, D. 'Real world learning through geographical fieldwork' in Balderstone, D. (ed) (2006) Secondary Geography Handbook. Sheffield: Geographical Association.
Reference Book(s)	
1	Andersen, D. E. (2007). Survey techniques. Raptor research and management techniques. Hancock House Publishers, Blaine, WA USA, 89-100.
2	Roelfsema, C. M., Phinn, S. R., & Joyce, K. E. (2006, June). Evaluating benthic survey techniques for validating maps of coral reefs derived from remotely sensed images. In Proc 10th Int Coral Reef Symp (Vol. 1, pp. 1771-1780).
3	Demers, J. (2004). Depth of field: A survey of techniques. Gpu Gems, 1(375), U390.
4	A. M. Chandra, Plane Surveying, New Age International.
5	S. K. Duggal, Surveying Vol. I, Tata Mcgraw-Hill.
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://flapflap.ep.mk16.de/rrmt/Chapter-5.pdf
2	https://ascelibrary.org/doi/abs/10.1061/(ASCE)0733-9453(2004)130:2(56)
3	https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/book/10.1002/9781119147770
4	https://cdnsiencepub.com/doi/abs/10.5623/geomat-1996-0046
5	https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2016EGUGA..18.7033M/abstract

Mapping with Programme Outcomes (MPO)*					
MPO	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	2	1	1	1	2
CO2	1	2	1	1	1

CO3	2	3	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	2	2	3
CO5	1	2	1	1	1

Map **Course Outcomes (CO)** for each Course with **Programme Specific Outcomes (PSO)** in the 3-Point scale of **1,2, 3 (Strong, Medium and Low)**

METHOD OF EVALUATION

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester	Examination Total	Grade
25	75	100	

SEMESTER II

Programm : M.Sc., Geography	Choice -2
Semester : I	Hours: 5/W
Sub Code : P23DG06	Credits: 3

TITLE: GEOGRAPHY OF TRAVEL AND TOURISM

Relevant to Global need	✓	Employability Oriented	✓	Addresses Professional Ethics	Unit	Hrs P/S ✓
Relevant to National need	✓	Entrepreneurship Oriented	✓	Addresses Gender Sensitization		
Relevant to Regional need	✓	Skill Development Oriented	✓	Addresses Environment and Sustainability		✓
Relevant to Local need	✓			Addresses Human Values		✓

COURSE OUTCOME

At the end of the Semester, the Students will be able to		
UNIT 1 CO1: Know the idea about the Travel – Motivation - Meaning and Nature of Tourism - Types of Tourism – development in India.	1	15
UNIT 2 CO2: Know about History of Tourism- determinants and motivation of tourism.	2	15
UNIT 3 CO3: Understand the Elements of Tourism – Attraction, Accessibility, Accommodation and Amenities	3	15
UNIT 4 CO4: Acquire more knowledge about the Travel formalities – Tour Itinerary – Travel Agencies – Travel Abroad Facilities – Visa, Passport, Bank Restrictions – Traveller’s Cheques.	4	15
UNIT 5 CO5: observe and recognize Tourism Potentials of India - The role of India Tourism Development Corporation (ITDC) and World Tourism Corporation (WTO)	5	15

SYLLABUS

UNIT I: History of Tourism – Ancient, Medieval and Modern Periods – Determinants and motivation of tourism.

UNIT II: Types of Tourism – Significance of Tourism, Tourism development in modern society – Tourism development in India.

UNIT III: Role of transport in tourism development – Travel formalities – Tour itinerary – Travel agency – Documents required for International Tourism, – Passport, visa– Traveler’s cheques – Credit and debit cards – Tourism and environment – Eco tourism.

UNIT IV: Elements of tourism – Attraction, Accessibility and Amenities – Classification of tourist spots – Accommodation – Primary and supplementary accommodation – Hotels, inns and motels

UNIT V: Tourism Organization – WTO – ITDC - TTDC and their functions– Tourism promotion: advertisement.

- REFERENCES
1. Tourism development – Bhatia, Sterling Publishers, 1986
 2. Tourism: Past, Present and Future – Burkart & Madlik, Heinemann, 1976
 3. Geography of Tourism – Robinson, McDonald and Evans, 1976
 4. Geography of Recreation and Leisure, - Consgrove, Hutchinson, 1972

UNITS	TOPIC	LECTURE HOURS	MODE OF TEACHING
UNIT 1 - Concept of Leisure and Tourism			
	Concept of Leisure and Tourism – Principles and Purpose	5	Group discussion, VLC and PPT lecture
	Types of Tourism – Significance of Tourism development in modern society	5	Group discussion, VLC and PPT lecture
	Tourism development in the world – Tourism in India.	5	Reference / PPT
UNIT II History of Tourism			
	History of Tourism – Ancient	5	chalk and talk and usage of maps ,PPT and VLC
	Medieval and Modern Periods	5	chalk and talk and usage of maps ,PPT and VLC
	Determinants and motivation of tourism	5	chalk and talk and usage of maps ,PPT and VLC
UNIT III Elements of tourism			
	Attraction, Accessibility and Amenities	5	Group discussion, VLC and PPT lecture
	Accommodation	5	Group discussion, VLC and PPT lecture
	Hotels and Motels	5	Group discussion, VLC and PPT lecture
UNIT IV Transport and Eco Tourism			
	Travel formalities – tour itinerary	5	Group discussion, chalk and talk and usage of maps VLC and PPT lecture

Travel Agencies – Travel Abroad Facilities – Visa, Passport. Bank Restrictions	5	Group discussion, chalk and talk and usage of maps VLC and PPT lecture
Eco tourism		
UNIT V - Tourist Organization		
World Tourism Organization- promotion and advertisements.	5	chalk and talk ,Group discussion, , Maps and Atlas and PPT lecture
Tourism Potentials of India (India Tourism Development Corporation-ITDC)	5	chalk and talk ,Group discussion, Maps and Atlas and PPT lecture
tourism in India Problems of tourism development	5	

GEOGRAPHY OF TRAVEL AND TOURISM

Course outcomes(cos)	Programme outcomes (pos)					Programme specific outcomes (PSOs)					Mean scores of Cos
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	
CO1	4	4	5	5	5	3	4	4	4	5	4.3
CO2	5	5	5	4	4	4	5	5	4	4	4.5
CO3	3	4	5	5	4	4	5	4	5	4	4.3
CO4	5	4	4	4	5	5	4	4	5	5	4.5
CO5	3	4	5	4	5	5	4	5	5	5	4.5
Mean Overall score											4.42

METHOD OF EVALUATION

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester	Examination Total	Grade
25	75	100	

SEMESTER –II

Programm : M.Sc., Geography	SEC
Semester : II	Hours: 5/W
Sub Code : P23DG07	Credits: 3

TITLE: REMOTE SENSING AND GNSS

Relevant to Global need	✓	Employability Oriented	✓	Addresses Professional Ethics	
Relevant to National need	✓	Entrepreneurship Oriented	✓	Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need	✓	Skill Development Oriented	✓	Addresses Environment and Sustainability	
Relevant to Local need				Addresses Human Values	✓

Course Objectives:

1. Understand the purpose and importance of RS, GIS & GNSS
2. To provide background knowledge and understanding of principles of RS and GNSS Systems
3. To enhance student's capacity to interpret images and extract information on the earth surface from multi-resolution imagery at multi-scale level.

UNIT-1 INTRODUCTION TO REMOTE SENSING

Remote Sensing Process - Analog to Digital data – Digital image data formats - Image processing system characteristics - Image Pre-processing: calculating radiance from DNs - atmospheric, radiometric and geometric correction.

UNIT-2 AERIAL AND SATELLITE REMOTE SENSING

Aerial Remote Sensing: Aerial photographs: Classifications based on Camera, Film and Orientation –Photo scale - Parallax – Stereo model - Flight planning – Marginal information – Interpretation keys - LIDAR – Drone Satellite Remote Sensing: Satellite – Types, Orbits and Sensors – Resolution: types - aspects of LANDSAT, SPOT, IRS, IKONOS, QUIKBIRD and recent satellites – Marginal information and Interpretation.

UNIT-3 IMAGE ENHANCEMENT TECHNIQUES

Contrast enhancement: linear, non-linear and level slicing – Spatial feature enhancement: spatial filtering, edge enhancement and Fourier and wavelet transform – multi-image enhancement – band rationing, principal component analysis texture transformations

UNIT-4 IMAGE CLASSIFICATION

Supervised classification: classification algorithm and training site selection - Unsupervised classification –Classification of mixed pixels: spectral mixture analysis and fuzzy classification – Post classification smoothing.

UNIT-5 BASICS OF GNSS

Introducing Global Navigation Satellite System: GNSS Components, Satellite Orbit, and Satellite Position on Orbital Plane, Signals, Reference System and Observation Techniques.

Expected Course Outcomes:		
1	Understand the basics of spatial structure of transportation network	K2, K6
2	Gain insights on processing methods and techniques for handling radiometric and geometric properties of remotely sensed	K4, K5
3	Developing data processing automation skills necessary to analyze high level remote sensing and GIS Products.	K3, K6
4	Familiarize with principles and methods of multi-resolutions and multi-spectral data fusion, multi- temporal processing and accuracy assessment.	K1, K6
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 – Create		

References

1	Peter A. Burrough and Rachael A. McDonnell, 2011, Principles of Geographic Information Systems, Oxford University Press.
2	Ian Heywood, Sarah Cornelius and Steve Carver, An Introduction to Geographic Information System, 2010, third edition, Pearson Education Ltd.
3	David O' Sullivan and David J. Unwin, 2010, Geographic Information analysis, second edition, John Wiley & Sons.
4	Kang – Tsung Chang, 2018, Introduction to Geographical Information System, New York: McGraw-Hill Education, ISBN 9781259929649
5	Stephen R. Galati, 2006, Geographic Information Systems Demystified, ARTECH HOUSE, INC., ISBN-13: 978-1-58053-533-5.
6	Michael N. DeMers, 2009, GIS For Dummies, Wiley Publishing, Inc., ISBN: 978-0-470- 23682-6
7	Bhatta, Basudeb. Remote Sensing and GIS. India, OUP India, 2011.
8	Campbell, James B. Introduction to Remote Sensing. United Kingdom, Taylor & Francis, 2002. Joseph, George. Fundamentals of Remote Sensing. India, Universities Press, 2005.

9	Digital Image Processing. India, Tata McGraw Hill Education, 2009.
10	Jain, Anil K. Fundamentals of digital image processing. India, Prentice Hall, 1989.

Mapping with Programme Outcomes (MPO)*					
MPO	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	1	2	1	2
CO2	1	1	3	1	1
CO3	1	2	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	1	1	1	2	2

Map **Course Outcomes (CO)** for each Course with **Programme Specific Outcomes (PSO)** in the 3 Point scale of 1,2, 3 (Strong, Medium and Low)

METHOD OF EVALUATION

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester	Examination Total	Grade
25	75	100	

SEMESTER –II

Programm : M.Sc., Geography	Part I Core
Semester : II	Hours: 5/W
Sub Code : P23DG08	Credits: 3

TITLE: PRINCIPLE OF GIS

Relevant to Global need	✓	Employability Oriented	✓	Addresses Professional Ethics	
Relevant to National need	✓	Entrepreneurship Oriented	✓	Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need	✓	Skill Development Oriented	✓	Addresses Environment and Sustainability	
Relevant to Local need				Addresses Human Values	

Course Objectives:

1. Understanding the basic spatial concepts, approaches, history and development of GIS
2. Obtain an understanding of spatial and non-spatial data models
3. Understanding of data capturing methods and data accuracy and accessing publicly available data sets
4. Teaching basic spatial operations skills necessary to work with GIS project
5. Develop a project requiring GIS as a management, analytical, and/or visualization tool using spatial analysis methods

UNIT-1 BASIC CONCEPTS OF SPATIAL SCIENCE AND GIS

Basic concepts of spatial science and GIS: geographic spaces, spatial data and information, reference systems and datum, GIS definition, approaches and components; history and development of GIS.

UNIT-2 DATA MODELS AND MANAGEMENT

Data models and management: spatial data models – vector and raster data models; data models – object based – oriented data models – coding and encoding

UNIT-3 DATA CAPTURE AND GEOPROCESSING

Data Capture and geo processing: sources of geographic data, capturing methods, topology, geometric transformation, re projection, scales in GIS, precision and accuracy of geographical data

UNIT-4 GIS:SPATIAL OPERATION

Spatial operations: basic operations and set theory basics - buffer, overlay, network, view shed and watershed analysis, interpolation, 3D visualization

UNIT-5 SPATIAL MODELLING AND ITS APPLICATION

GIS modelling - multi-criteria analysis - network applications - LBS – Geo coding - suitability modelling - location allocation modelling - applications and case studies.

Expected Course Outcomes:		
1	Developing an understanding of spatial concepts and spatial and non- spatial data models	K1, K2
2	Learning skills in creating spatial data models using GIS software	K2, K6
3	Gaining ability to access data in the GIS, compile, analyse, and present geospatial data	K3, K4
4	Performing GIS functions and demonstrate the skills in modelling	K4, K5
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 – Create		

References	
1	Peter A. Burrough and Rachael A. McDonnell, 2011, Principles of Geographic Information Systems, Oxford University Press.
2	Ian Heywood, Sarah Cornelius and Steve Carver, An Introduction to Geographic Information System, 2010, third edition, Pearson Education Ltd.
3	David O' Sullivan and David J. Unwin, 2010, Geographic Information analysis, second edition, John Wiley & Sons.
4	Kang – Tsung Chang, 2018, Introduction to Geographical Information System, New York: McGraw-Hill Education, ISBN 9781259929649
5	Stephen R. Galati, 2006, Geographic Information Systems Demystified, ARTECH HOUSE, INC., ISBN-13: 978-1-58053-533-5.
6	Michael N. DeMers, 2009, GIS For Dummies, Wiley Publishing, Inc., ISBN: 978-0-470- 23682-6
7	Bhatta, Basudeb. Remote Sensing and GIS. India, OUP India, 2011.

Mapping with Programme Outcomes (MPO)*					
MPO	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	1	2	1	2
CO2	1	1	3	1	1
CO3	1	2	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	1

CO5	1	1	1	2	2
Map Course Outcomes (CO) for each Course with Programme Specific Outcomes (PSO) in the 3 Point scale of 1,2, 3 (Strong, Medium and Low)					

METHOD OF EVALUATION

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester	Examination Total	Grade
25	75	100	

SEMESTER –II

Program : M.Sc., Geography	ELECTIVE
Semester : II	Hours: 2/W
Sub Code : P23DSEG1	Credits: 2

TITLE: GEOSPATIAL STATISTICS

Relevant to Global need	Prior	✓	Employability Oriented	✓	Addresses Professional Ethics	
Relevant to National need			Entrepreneurship Oriented	✓	Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need			Skill Development Oriented	✓	Addresses Environment and Sustainability	
Relevant to Local need					Addresses Human Values	

Pre-requisite **Knowledge in Statistics.**

Course Objectives:

1. To introduce basic statistical procedures to the students
2. To indicate the assumptions, limitations and interpretation of these procedures and results
3. To train the students to handle these statistics towards analysing the geographical problems.
4. To understand the Statistical Techniques, Numerical data in Geography
5. To familiarize about Probabilistic Treatment, Parametric Statistics and Regression Analysis

UNIT-1 GEOGRAPHY AND STATISTICS

Significance of Statistics in geographical studies; Types of Data; levels of data measurement.

UNIT-2 SAMPLING

Sampling: basic concepts, sample UNITS and design, sampling frame and procedures, standard error and sample size, testing the adequacy of samples, Lorenz Curve and Gini's Coefficient; location Quotient.

UNIT-3 MEASURES OF CENTRAL TENDENCY AND THEIR SIGNIFICANCE

Centro graphic techniques: mean centre, median centre and standard distance. Measures of dispersion and concentration: Range, quartile deviation, mean deviation, standard deviation; coefficient of variation

UNIT-4 BIVARIATE ANALYSIS

Spearman's Rank Correlation and Karl Pearson's Product Moment Correlation

UNIT-5 REGRESSION ANALYSIS

Regression equations, construction of regression line interpolation, prediction, explanation; residual-statistical tests of significance of the estimates; computation of residuals and mapping.

Expected Course Outcomes:

1	Explain the role of quantitative information in geographic research and applications.	K2, K1
2	Demonstrate an understanding of basic descriptive statistics and regression methods as they apply to problem solving in Geography.	K2, K4
3	Evaluate the roles of probability theory and sampling distributions in drawing inferences about populations based on samples	K3, K5
4	Perform basic data manipulation, statistical calculations and graphical presentation by hand, and using computer spreadsheets or statistical software (e.g., Excel, SPSS).	K4, K6
5	Acquired skills to assemble, collect and manage big data resources so that they facilitate both statistical as well as geographical studies.	K3, K6

K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 – Create

References

1	David M. Smith (1975), Patterns in Human Geography, Penguin, Harmons worth.
2	David U (1981), Introductory Spatial Analysis, Methuen, London.
3	Ebdon, D. (1983), Statistics in Geography: A Practical Approach, Blackwell, London.
4	Gupta, S.P. (2010), Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand and Sons, Latest Edition.
5	Hammond, R. and McCullagh, P.S. (1974), Quantitative Techniques in Geography: An Introduction, Clarendon Press, Oxford.
6	Peter a. Rogerson (2015), statistical methods for geography: a student's guide, sage publications ltd, London, United Kingdom.
7	Mathews, J.A. (1987), Quantitative and Statistical Approaches to Geography
8	Haggett, P., Andrew D. C., & Allan F. (1977), Location Methods, Vols. I and II, Edward Arnold, London

9	Ashis sarkar, (2013), quantitative geography: tech. & presentations orient blackswan private
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://swayam.gov.in/course/266-quantitative-methods
2	http://www.sethspielman.org/courses/geog5023/
3	https://www.colorado.edu/geography/class_homepages/geog_4023_s08/
4	http://www.oxfordbibliographies.com/view/document/obo-9780199874002/obo-9780199874002-0053.xml
5	https://searchworks.stanford.edu/view/923805

Mapping with Programme Outcomes (MPO)*					
MPO	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	1	2	1	2
CO2	1	1	3	1	1
CO3	1	2	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	1	1	1	2	2

Map **Course Outcomes (CO)** for each Course with **Programme Specific Outcomes (PSO)** in the 3-Point scale of **1,2, 3 (Strong, Medium and Low)**

METHOD OF EVALUATION

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester	Examination Total	Grade
25	75	100	

SEMESTER- III

PROGRAMME: M.Sc. GEOGRAPHY					
SEMESTER: III	Part: III Core Course 7	COURSE CODE : P23CG7			
TITLE OF THE COURSE: GEOGRAPHICAL THOUGHT					
HOURS OF INSTRUCTION PER WEEK: 6	CREDITS: 5	CIA: 25	EXTERNAL MARKS: 75	TOTAL: 100	
NATURE OF THE COURSE					
Relevant to Global need	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Employability Oriented	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Addresses Professional Ethics	
Relevant to National need	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Entrepreneurship Oriented	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need		Skill Development Oriented		Environment and Sustainability	
Relevant to Local need				Addresses Human Values	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: To enable the students to:					

1. Understand ancient scholar's contribution to geography		
2. Known exploration and discoveries, history of world civilization and contribution of modern geographer to geography.		
UNIT	CONTENT	HRS
I	ANCIENT SCHOLAR OF GEOGRAPHIC THOUGHTS Nature of geography – Greek contribution to physical geography, Human geography , cartography ,Mathematical geography – Contribution of Romans – Arab contribution to geography – Ancient Indian geography thoughts.	15
II	EXPLORATION AND DISCOVERIES Major exploration and discoveries: Contribution of Magellan, Vasco da Gama, James Cook, Christopher Columbus.	15
III	DUALISM IN GEOGRAPHY Dualism in geography: Systematic and regional geography: Physical and human geography – Scientific explanation – cause and effect – temporal, functional and ecological systems.	15
IV	MODELS AND QUANTITATIVE REVOLUTION IN GEOGRAPHY Theories and models in geography – quantitative revolution and paradigm – Themes in geography - positivism – pragmatism – behaviorism – functionalism – idealism – realism and Marxism.	15
V	STATUS OF MODERN GEOGRAPHY Modern political ideas in geography- conceptual and methodological developments and changing paradigms, status of Indian geography, future of geography.	15

COURSE OUTCOMES:		
CO1	Recall ancient scholar's contribution to geography	k1 ,k2
CO2	Evaluate contribution of modern geographer to geography and ability to analysis determinism and possibilism in geography	

	k2 ,k5
CO3	Assessment of dualism concept in geography k4 ,k5
CO4	Apply quantitative revolution in geography k3 ,k5
CO5	Discuss various theories , themes , models in geography and evaluate modern political ideas based on location k3 ,k6

TEXTBOOK: Rana, lalita.Geographical thought concept publishing company, 2008.

REFERENCES:

1. Johnston, R. (2008). A Student’s introduction to geographical thought: Theories, philosophies, methods
2. May, J.A. (2019). Kant’s concept of geography and its relation to recent geography, random house, new york
3. Amedee, D., Golledge, R.G., 1975. An introduction to the scientific reasoning in geography ,random House, new york
4. Anoop Nayak, Alex Jeffrey, 2013. Geographical thought: An introduction to ideas in human geography, Routledge publication ,ISBN: 1317904125 , 9781317904120

E-LEARNING RESOURCES:

<https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/2325548x.2014.901849>

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO2	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO3	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO4	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO5	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	1	2	1	2
CO2	1	1	3	1	1
CO3	1	2	1	1	1

CO4	1	1	1	1	1
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PROGRAMME: M.Sc GEOGRAPHY

SEMESTER:3	Part: III Core Course 8	COURSE CODE : P23CG8			
TITLE OF THE COURSE: THEORITICAL ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY					
HOURS OF INSTRUCTION PER WEEK: 6	CREDITS: 5	CIA: 25	EXTERNAL MARKS: 75	TOTAL: 100	
NATURE OF THE COURSE					
Relevant to Global need	✓	Employability Oriented		Addresses Professional Ethics	✓
Relevant to National need	✓	Entrepreneurship Oriented		Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need		Skill Development Oriented		Environment and Sustainability	✓
Relevant to Local need				Addresses Human Values	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: To enable the students to:					
1. Provide students with the contextual information of the spatial distribution and spatial interaction of economic activities.					
2. Apply geospatial technology in economic geography and regional planning for solving the spatial problems.					
UNIT	CONTENT				HRS
I	ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES IN SPACE				15
	Economic activity in space: basics – principles of location, distance and resource utilisation economic principles of demand, supply price and transactions and markets.				
II	BASIC CONCEPTS IN SPATIAL ANALYSIS AND SPATIAL ORGANISATION				15
	Basic concepts: spatial analysis and spatial organisation , economic activity , interaction and economic landscape – primary activities and land rent – theory of isolated state				
III	PRINCIPLES OF DEMAND – SUPPLY AND SCALES OF ECONOMICS				15
	Principles of demand , supply, market , economies of scale , scale agglomeration , cost and price , the principles of heterogeneous landscape and resource variation – utility curve				

IV	ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES	15
	Economic activities : primary - location and interaction mechanism – Von- Tunen location theory – application in time – space environment , manufacturing activity – Smith , Weber and Isard , tertiary activity – Christaller , Losch	
V	ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY AND ITS APPLICATIONS	15
	Applications of geospatial technology in economic geography , regional planning – concepts of growth centres , area and sectoral plans – recent trends and scope of economic geography – new approaches to spatial policy issues –public policy	

COURSE OUTCOMES:	
CO1	Develop an understanding of concepts and issues related to the spatial interaction of the economy k1, k2
CO2	Understanding the theoretical developments and ability for problem solving k2, k3
CO3	Develop the ability to analyse – critically – current issues related to economic geography with spatial references to planning and development k3, k4
CO4	Developing the ability to analyse spatial public policy and solve t spatial problems using geospatial technology k4 , k6
CO5	Develop an understanding of concepts and issues related to the spatial interactions of the economy k4 , k5
TEXTBOOK:	
Boyce, R.R. (1974). “The Basic of economic geography”, Holf Rinehart and Winston Inc. new York	
REFERENCES:	

1. Abler, Adam and P.Gould(1972) . Spatial organisation: A Geographer's view of the World. Englewood cliff. New Jersey

2. Baldwin, R.,R.Forslid, P.Martin, G. Ottaviano and F. Robert-Nicoud, (2003). Economic geography and public policy , Princeton

3. Fujita, M., P.R. Krugman and A.J. Venables , (1999) . The spatial Economy , MIT press

4. Smith, D.E. (1971) Industrial Location: An Economic Geographical Analysis , John Wiley and sons., New York

E-LEARNING RESOURCES:

[https:// www.tandfonline.com/toc/recg20/current](https://www.tandfonline.com/toc/recg20/current)

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO2	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO3	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO4	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO5	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	1	2	1	2
CO2	1	1	3	1	1
CO3	1	2	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	1

PROGRAMME: M.Sc GEOGRAPHY

SEMESTER:3	Part: III Core Course 9	COURSE CODE : P23CG9P			
TITLE OF THE COURSE: PRACTICAL-III GEO-SPATIAL LAB					
HOURS OF INSTRUCTION PER WEEK: 6	CREDITS: 4	CIA: 25	EXTERNAL MARKS: 75	TOTAL: 100	
NATURE OF THE COURSE					
Relevant to Global need	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Employability Oriented		Addresses Professional Ethics	
Relevant to National need	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Entrepreneurship Oriented		Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Skill Development Oriented		Environment and Sustainability	
Relevant to Local need	<input type="checkbox"/>			Addresses Human Values	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: To enable the students to:					
To introduce the concept of geographic information systems practically and to understand the various aspects of map reading , design , and evolution of digital maps.					
UNIT	CONTENT				HRS
I	OPEN SOURCE TOOLS : OPEN SOURCE GIS SOFTWARE				15
II	QGIS: OVERVIEW OF INTERFACE – TOOLBARS – ADDING SPATIAL AND NON- SPATIAL DATA – COORDINATE SYSTEMS.				15
III	SCANNING AND GEOREFRENCING				15
IV	DIGITIZATION (POINT , LINE AND POLYGON)				15

V	DATABASE CREATION : ADDING ATTRIBUTE DATA AND ADDING ATTRIBUTE DATA THROUGH LINKING TABLE	15
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COURSE OUTCOMES:	
CO1	A clear understanding in key concepts of cartography ,GIS and the aspects in reading , designing , and evaluating digital cartographic maps. K1 ,K2
CO2	Understand the relationship between map projections, coordinate systems and geospatial layers including map algebra and spatial statistics. K2 ,K3
CO3	Learn the skills in data collection , storage , analysis and interpretation of spatial data in GIS interface K3 , K6
CO4	Ability to analyse and evaluate the maps and perform spatial operations like overlay analysis, landscape analysis , terrain analysis , suitability analysis and spatial modelling K4 ,K5
CO5	Create tools and models for developing and solving complex geospatial problems in GIS K4 , K6
TEXTBOOK:	
Aronoff , S. (1991). Geographic information systems: a management perspective, WDL publications, Ottawa, Canada.	
REFERENCES:	
1. Ballas , D., Clarke, Frankline, R.S.,&Newing, A. (2017). GIS and the social sciences: theory and applications. Routledge	
2. Zhu, X.(2016). GIS for environmental applications: a practical approach. Routledge.	

3. Whyatt , D., Clark, G., & Davis, G. (2011). Teaching geographical information systems in geography degrees: A critical reassessment of vocationalism . journal of geography in higher education , 35(2), 233-244

E-LEARNING RESOURCES:

[http:// www.esri.com/](http://www.esri.com/)

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO2	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO3	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO4	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO5	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	2	1	1	2	1
CO2	1	2	1	1	1
CO3	1	1	1	1	2
CO4	2	1	1	1	1

PROGRAMME: M.Sc GEOGRAPHY					
SEMESTER: 3	Part: III Core Course 10	COURSE CODE : P23CG10			
TITLE OF THE COURSE: INDUSTRIAL GEOGRAPHY					
HOURS OF INSTRUCTION PER WEEK: 5	CREDITS: 3	CI A: 25	EXTERNAL MARKS: 75	TOTAL: 100	
NATURE OF THE COURSE					
Relevant to Global need	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Employability Oriented		Addresses Professional Ethics	
Relevant to National need		Entrepreneurship Oriented		Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need		Skill Development Oriented		Environment and Sustainability	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Relevant to Local need	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			Addresses Human Values	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:					
1. Provide students with the contextual information of the distribution of industrial estate role of industries in regional development.					
2. To know the impact of globalization on industries and environmental impact of industrialization					

UNIT	CONTENT	HRS
I	Basic concepts: meaning and scope of industrial geography , recent trends in industrial geography, classification of industries, concepts of industrialization , industrial complex and industrial estate, role of industries in regional development.	15
II	Location factors and theories: factors of industrial location, linkage in industries, theories of industrial location: weber, hoover, losch and smith.	15
III	Spatial arrangement of industries: localization and distribution of iron & steel , cotton textile and sugar industries, bases of identification of industrial regions, industrial regions of USA and west Europe.	15
IV	Impact of globalization on industries problems of industrialization, environmental impact of industrialization.	15
V	Industrialization in India: industrial development and policies , industrial regions and complexes, impact of globalization on industries, problems of industrialization, environmental impact of industrialization	15

TEXTBOOK :

Alexanderson, c. (1967): Geography of manufacturing. Prentice-hall of india , New Delhi. 2.
Hoover, e. M. (1948): location and space economy. McGraw hill , Newyork

REFRENCES:

1. Barnes, T.J. 2009. "Economic Geography." In International Encyclopedia of Human Geography, edited by R. Kitchin and N. Thrift, 315–327. Oxford: Elsevier.
- Bathelt, Harald. 2005.
2. "Geographies of Production: Growth Regimes in Spatial Perspective(II) – Knowledge Creation and Growth in Clusters." Progress In Human Geography, 29(2): 204–216. DOI:10.1191/ph539pr
3. Yeung, Henry Wai-chung. 2000. "Organizing 'the Firm' in Industrial Geography I: Networks, Institutions and Regional Development." Progress In Human Geography, 24(2): 301–315. DOI:10.1191/030913200671984115.

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO2	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO3	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO4	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO5	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	2	1	1	2	1
CO2	1	2	1	1	1
CO3	1	1	1	1	2
CO4	2	1	1	1	1

PROGRAMME: M.Sc GEOGRAPHY					
SEMESTER:3	Part: PART III CORE COURSE DSEC5 CHOICE 1	COURSE CODE : P23DG09			
TITLE OF THE COURSE: POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY					
HOURS OF INSTRUCTION PER WEEK: 5	CREDITS: 3	C I A : 2 5	EXTERNAL MARKS: 75	TOTAL: 100	
NATURE OF THE COURSE					
Relevant to Global need	✓ Employability Oriented		Addresses Professional Ethics		
Relevant to National need	✓ Entrepreneurship Oriented		Addresses Gender Sensitization		
Relevant to Regional need	Skill Development	✓	Environment and		

		nt Oriented		Sustainability	
Relevant to Local need				Addresses Human Values	
UNIT	CONTENT				HRS
I	POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY : NATURE , SCOPE , APPROACHES Nature, scope and subject matter of political geography, political geography and geopolitics – approaches to the study of political geography, recent development in political geography.				15
II	GEOGRAPHIC ELEMENTS AND THE STATE: Geographic elements and the state, physical elements, human elements, economic elements, political geography and environment interface.				15
III	POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY : THEMES Themes in political geography, state , nation , nation – state and nation-building, frontiers and boundaries , difference forms of governance – the changing patterns of world powers – perspectives on core- periphery concept.				15
IV	GEPOLITICAL SIGNIFICANCE OF INDIAN OCEAN				15
V	POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY – CONTEMPORARY INDIA Political geography of contemporary India with special reference to: The changing political map of India, unity – diversity: centripetal & centrifugal forces, stability & instability,				15

	interstate issues.									
COURSE OUTCOMES:										
CO1	Developing an understanding of political geography and its influence in politics K1,K2									
CO2	Able to apply spatial analysis methods to assess physical and human environment to shape and reshape political geographic outcomes K3,K4									
CO3	Understand the themes of political geography in relation to nation, state, nation-building, frontiers and boundaries. K2 , K3									
CO4	Ability to analyse critically the conflicts in India and geospatial significance of Indian ocean and its importance K4,K5									
CO5	Ability to describe the contemporary issues, conflicts and challenges surrounding the Indian regions – SAARC, South – east Asia , West and East Asia. K4, K6									
REFERENCES:										
1. De Blij, H. j., Glassner, 1968. Martin systematic political geography, john Wiley, new york										
2. Deshpande C.D., 1992. India-a regional interpretation northern book centre, new Delhi										
3. Dikshit, R.D., 1996.political geography: a contemporary perspective, tat McGraw hill, new delhi										
E-LEARNING RESOURCES:										
https://www.opengeography.org/ch-10-political_geography.html										
CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO2	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO3	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO4	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO5	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES					
CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	1	2	1	2
CO2	1	1	3	1	1
CO3	1	2	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	1

PROGRAMME: M.Sc. GEOGRAPHY					
SEMESTER:3	Part: III Core Course DSEC5 CHOICE 2	COURSE CODE :P23DG10			
TITLE OF THE COURSE: SOCIAL GEOGRAPHY					
HOURS OF INSTRUCTION PER WEEK: 5	CREDITS: 3	CIA:	EXTERNAL MARKS: 75	TOTAL: 100	

		25		
NATURE OF THE COURSE				
Relevant to Global need	✓	Employability Oriented		Addresses Professional Ethics
Relevant to National need		Entrepreneurship Oriented	✓	Addresses Gender Sensitization
Relevant to Regional need		Skill Development Oriented	✓	Environment and Sustainability
Relevant to Local need				Addresses Human Values
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: To enable the students to:				
Explain the social wellbeing and understand the public policy and social planning in india.				
UNIT	CONTENT			HRS
I	Social geography: nature, scope and recent trends of social geography – social geography in the realm of social sciences.			15
II	Elements of social geography: ethnicity, tribe, dialect, language, religion and caste.			15
III	Space and society: concept of social space – social structure and social processes – geographical bases of social formation – social differentiation and region formation – patterns and bases of rural and urban society			15
IV	Social well- being: concepts of social well-being – physical quality of life- human development – measurement of human development : social , economic and environment indicators – social geographies of inclusion and exclusion			15
V	Public policy and social planning in India: five year plans and strategies			15

COURSE OUTCOMES:										
CO1	Know the nature and development of social geography – realm of social sciences.									
CO2	Elements of social geography: ethnicity, tribe, dialect, language, religion and caste.									
CO3	Understand the space and society – structure and process – to social theory; power relations and space.									
CO4	Explain the social well –beings and human development									
CO5	Understand the public policy and social planning in India									
REFERENCES:										
1. Aijazuddin Ahmad (2012), social geography of India – concept of publishing company Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.										
2. Aijazuddin Ahmad (2007) social geography Rawat publication Jaipur.										
3. David Atkinson (2007) Cultural geography rawat publication jaipur.										
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES										
CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO2	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M

CO3	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO4	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO5	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	1	2	1	2
CO2	1	1	3	1	1
CO3	1	2	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	1

PROGRAMME: M.Sc GEOGRAPHY					
SEMESTER:3	Part: III Core Course SEC2		COURSE CODE : P23SEG2		
TITLE OF THE COURSE: GEOGRAPHY OF HEALTH AND WELL BEING					
HOURS OF INSTRUCTION PER WEEK: 2		CREDITS: 2	CIA: 25	EXTERNAL MARKS: 75	TOTAL: 100
NATURE OF THE COURSE					
Relevant to Global need	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Employability Oriented	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Addresses Professional Ethics	
Relevant to National need	<input type="checkbox"/>	Entrepreneurship Oriented	<input type="checkbox"/>	Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need	<input type="checkbox"/>	Skill Development Oriented	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Environment and Sustainability	
Relevant to Local need	<input type="checkbox"/>			Addresses Human Values	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: To enable the students to:					
1. To understand about the gender and health diseases of the rich and poor and migration diseases.					
2. the student will develop a working knowledge of several numerical methods and their analysis basics					
UNIT	CONTENT				HRS
I	Nature, scope and development of medical geography – traditional and contemporary approaches – concepts of health and diseases – reproductive health – climate and health- human diseases – classification- infectious , degenerative and chronic , inherited and genetic diseases				15

II	Nutrition – deficiency related diseases – geographical perspectives of communicable and non- communicable diseases – epidemic , endemic and pandemic nature of diseases – major tropical diseases – malaria , filariasis and leprosy; social diseases – HIV /AIDS, STD	15
III	Disease ecology – determinants of diseases – interlay of environmental, cultural, socio-economic and ecological factors – gender and health –.diseases of the rich and poor – disease diffusion – concepts – dynamics of major diseases- migration and disease- travel medicine.	15
IV	Medical cartography – measurements techniques of diseases - diseases mapping techniques at macro , meso and micro levels – medical statistics – epidemiological methods in diseases measurement and analysis – measurement of morbidity and mortality	15
V	Health care delivery system – hierarchy of medical services – planning for man power, infrastructure and service facilities of health care – rural and urban disparities – health education – improved health care delivery syaastem.	15

COURSE OUTCOMES:	
CO1	To provide a critical understanding of key concepts related to medical geography.
CO2	To examine the role of societal structures and human behavior in creating and sustain health inequalities and differences in access to health care.
CO3	To understand about the gender and health diseases of the rich and poor and migration diseases.
CO4	The student will develop a working knowledge of several numerical methods and their analytical basis.
CO5	To understand how national health care systems either reduce or enhance health inequalities and differences in access to health care.
REFERENCES:	
1. Cliff, A. and Haggett, P.: Atlas of disease distribution. Basil Blackwell, oxford, 1989.	
2. Hazra, J. (ed.); Health care planning in developing countries. University of Calcutta, Calcutta, 1997.	

3. Learmonth A.T.A.: Patterns of disease and hunger. A study in medical geography. David & Charles, victoria, 1978.

4. Narayan, K.V.: Health and development – inter-sectorial linkages in India.

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO2	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO3	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO4	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO5	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO/PSO	PSO1		PSO2		PSO3		PSO4		PSO5	
CO1	1		1		2		1		2	
CO2	1		1		3		1		1	
CO3	1		2		1		1		1	
CO4	1		1		1		2		1	

PROGRAMME: M.Sc. GEOGRAPHY					
SEMESTER:3	Part: III Core Course	COURSE CODE : P23S1G1			
TITLE OF THE COURSE: INTERNSHIP / INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY					
HOURS OF INSTRUCTION PER WEEK:	CREDITS: 2	CIA:	EXTERNAL MARKS:	TOTAL:	
NATURE OF THE COURSE					
Relevant to Global need	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Employability Oriented		Addresses Professional Ethics	
Relevant to National need	<input type="checkbox"/>	Entrepreneurship Oriented		Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need	<input type="checkbox"/>	Skill Development Oriented		Environment and Sustainability	
Relevant to Local need	<input type="checkbox"/>			Addresses Human Values	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: To enable the students to:					
1. Integrate theory and practice					
2. develop communication inter personal and other critical skill in the job interview process					

COURSE OUTCOMES:	
CO1	Develop skills to work effectively and further develop observation , recording and interpretation skills K2,K1
CO2	Helps in skill building – improvise skills in specific field of interest K2,K4
CO3	Communicate and collaborate effectively and appropriately with different professionals in the work environment through written and oral means K3,K5
CO4	Use geospatial tools and techniques for hazard mitigation and resources planning K3,K6

CO5	Pursue research and develop capabilities to handle multi-disciplinary field projects and work in teams and demonstrate leadership skills professional ethics. K5,K6				
<p>TEXTBOOK :</p> <p>1. H.Frederick Sweitzer and Mary A . King (2019). Successful internship- 5th edition. Brooks/Cole publishing Co.</p> <p>2. Lynne S .gross (1993). Internship experience – 2nd edition. Waveland press, Inc.</p>					
<p>REFERENCES:</p> <p>1. Marianne Ehrlich green (1997). Internship success-97 edition. National textbook Co.Gast, David L.Single subject research methodology in behavioural sciences: Applications in special education and behavioural sciences. Routledge , 2009.</p>					
<p>E-LEARNING RESOURCES:</p> <p>https://careers.uiowa.edu/students/benefits-internship</p>					
<p>MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES</p>					
CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	1	2	1	2
CO2	1	1	3	1	1
CO3	1	2	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	

SEMESTER -IV

PROGRAMME: M.Sc. GEOGRAPHY					
SEMESTER:4	Part: III Core Course C11	COURSE CODE : P23CG11			
TITLE OF THE COURSE: GEOGRAPHY OF INDIA AND PLANNING					
HOURS OF INSTRUCTION PER WEEK: 6	CREDITS: 5	CIA: 25	EXTERNAL MARKS: 75	TOTAL: 100	
NATURE OF THE COURSE					
Relevant to Global need	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Employability Oriented		Addresses Professional Ethics	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Relevant to National need	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Entrepreneurship Oriented		Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need		Skill Development Oriented		Environment and Sustainability	
Relevant to Local need				Addresses Human Values	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: To enable the students to:					
1. To learn the physical setting of Indian topography and climatic condition.					
2. To study disaster zones of India					
UNIT	CONTENT				HRS

I	PHYSICAL AND CLIMATE SETTINGS OF INDIA: Major physiographic divisions and their characteristics, drainage system (Himalayan and peninsular) , climate factor: seasonal weather characteristics , climatic regions of Indian monsoon (mechanism and characteristics), jet streams	15
II	NATURAL RESOURCES AND AGRICULTURE Types and distribution of natural resources: soil, vegetation, mineral and marine resources. Agriculture: characteristics of Indian agriculture, agricultural problems.	15
III	POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS Population characteristics (spatial patterns of distribution), growth and composition (rural-urban , age, sex, occupation, educational, ethnic and religious), determinants of population, population policies in india.	15
IV	TRANSPORT AND ECONOMY Development and patterns of transport networks (railways, roadways, waterways, airways and pipelines), internal and external trade (trend, composition and directions), regional development planning in India, globalisation and its impact on Indian economy. Trade policy. Developments in communication and information technology and their impacts on economy and society; Indian space programme.	15
V	NATURAL DISASTER Natural disasters in India (earthquake, drought, flood, cyclone, tsunami, Himalayan highland hazards and disasters.	15

COURSE OUTCOMES:		
CO1	Understand the physical, cultural, economic, and demographic aspects with references to India and pursue it for further research.	K1,K2
CO2	To analysis soil types and variation of vegetation	K2,K3

CO3	Acquaint with the distinctiveness of geographic regions as the field of learning in geographical studies	K3,K6
CO4	To evaluate various transport network system of India	K4,K5
CO5	To apply sustainable concept to natural resource	K4,K6

TEXTBOOK:

1. Deshpande, C.D. (1992). India –a regional interpretation. New Delhi, ICSSR and northern book Centre.
2. Nag, P., & Sengupta, S. (1992). Geography of India. Concept Publishing Company.
3. R.L. Singh (1989) India: A Regional Geography. Delhi: UBSPD,
4. Spate, O.H.K (1967) India and Pakistan, (3rd Edition) London: Methuen

REFERENCES:

1. Oldham, R.D.(1894). The evolution of Indian geography. The geographical journal, 3(3), 169-192.

E-LEARNING RESOURCES

<https://www.india.gov.in/india-glance/profile>

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO2	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO3	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO4	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO5	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	1	2	1	2
CO2	1	1	3	1	1
CO3	1	2	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	1

PROGRAMME: M.Sc. GEOGRAPHY					
SEMESTER:4	Part: III Core Course C12	COURSE CODE : P23CG12			
TITLE OF THE COURSE: REGIONAL PLANNING					
HOURS OF INSTRUCTION PER WEEK: 6	CREDITS: 5	CIA: 25	EXTERNAL MARKS: 75	TOTAL: 100	
NATURE OF THE COURSE					
Relevant to Global need	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Employability Oriented		Addresses Professional Ethics	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Relevant to National need	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Entrepreneurship Oriented		Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need		Skill Development Oriented		Environment and Sustainability	
Relevant to Local need				Addresses Human Values	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: To enable the students to:					
1. To understand the concepts and theories in regional planning.					
2. Discuss the global pattern of development and learn variation in inter regional development.					
UNIT	CONTENT				HRS

I	<p>REGIONAL PLANNING</p> <p>Definition of region, evolution and types of regional planning: formal, functional, and planning regions and regional planning; need for regional planning; types of regional planning.</p>	15
II	<p>PLANNING REGIONS</p> <p>Choices of a region for planning: characteristics of an ideal planning region; delineation of planning region; regionalization of India for planning (agro ecological zones)</p>	15
III	<p>THEORIES AND MODELS FOR REGIONAL PLANNING</p> <p>Theories and models for regional planning: growth pole model of perroux; growth centre model in Indian context;Rostow</p>	15
IV	<p>CONCEPT OF DEVELOPMENT</p> <p>Changing concept of development, concept of underdevelopment; efficiency-equity debate- measuring development: indicators (economic, social and environmental)</p>	15
V	<p>GLOBAL PATTERN OF DEVELOPMENT</p> <p>Global pattern of development: inter-regional variations; human development: international, interstate comparison of India- geospatial technology and regional planning.</p>	15

COURSE OUTCOMES:	
CO1	Acquire a general understanding of the major concepts and theories in the fields of regional development and planning. K1,K2
CO2	Identify, appreciate and use models and principles for policy formulation K4,K5
CO3	Evaluate regional development planning policies K4,K5
CO4	Acquire ability to prescribe appropriate strategies for regional development at appropriate level of governance K3,K6
CO5	Comprehensive understanding on contemporary issues and challenges in relation to regional development K1,K6

TEXTBOOK:

Abler, R., Hall, Englewood cliffs, N.J., (1971). Spatial organisation: the geographer's view of the world.

REFERENCES:

1. misra, R.P.(1969). Regional planning: cocnepts, techniques and policies, university of mysore, mysore.

E-LEARNING RESOURCES:

<http://www.dspmuranchi.ac.in/pdf/blog/regional> planning techniques.pdf.

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO2	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO3	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO4	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO5	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	1	3	3	2	1
CO3	2	2	1	2	2
CO4	1	2	1	2	1

PROGRAMME: M.Sc. GEOGRAPHY

SEMESTER:4	Part: III Core Course CC13	COURSE CODE : P23GPW			
TITLE OF THE COURSE: PROJECT WORK WITH VIVA VOICE					
HOURS OF INSTRUCTION PER WEEK: 10	CREDITS: 7	CIA: 60	EXTERNAL MARKS: 40	TOTAL: 100	
NATURE OF THE COURSE					
Relevant to Global need	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Employability Oriented		Addresses Professional Ethics	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Relevant to National need	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Entrepreneurship Oriented		Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need		Skill Development Oriented		Environment and Sustainability	
Relevant to Local need				Addresses Human Values	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: To enable the students to:					
1. Think beyond the classroom, practical work and help them to comprehend the skills , knowledge and confidence in the specific subjects area.					
2. Developing skills in scientific writing for publication in referred journals.					

COURSE OUTCOMES:	
CO1	Gaining ability to capture, analyze and present geospatial data for visualization. K2,K4
CO2	Demonstration of depth of technical understanding and application skills. K3,K5
CO3	Demonstration of ability to critically analyze other work and come up with original ideas with creative contribution. K1,K4
CO4	Ability to analyze the result and draw conclusions from the research work. K4,K5
CO5	Ability to write academic / scientific report for a specific topic to solve the spatial problems. K5,K6
TEXTBOOK:	
Douglas Amedeo, Reginald G.Golledge (1975). An introduction to scientific reasoning in geography; John wiley & sons Inc. newyork.	

REFERENCES:

1. Council of science editors. Scientific style and format: the CSE manual for authors, editors, and publishers. 7th ed. Reston, VA: council of science

2. humber M. Blacock, J.R,Ann B.Blacock (1971). Methods and techniques'. New delhi: new age international publication.

E-LEARNING RESOURCES:

APA Citation Guide- university libraries – The Ohio state university

<http://www.lib.ohio-state.edu/sites/guides/apagd.html>

examples of citations using the publication manual of the American psychology association (APA)

Mapping With Programme Outcomes (MPO):

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	3	2	1	2
CO2	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	2	2	1	2	
CO4	1	1	2	1	1

PROGRAMME: M.Sc. GEOGRAPHY				
SEMESTER:4	Part: III Core Course GEC/DSEC6 CHOICE 1	COURSE CODE : P23DG11		
TITLE OF THE COURSE: NATURAL HAZARDS AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT				
HOURS OF INSTRUCTION PER WEEK: 5	CREDITS: 3	CIA: 25	EXTERNAL MARKS: 75	TOTAL: 100

NATURE OF THE COURSE					
Relevant to Global need	✓	Employability Oriented		Addresses Professional Ethics	✓
Relevant to National need	✓	Entrepreneurship Oriented		Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need		Skill Development Oriented		Environment and Sustainability	
Relevant to Local need				Addresses Human Values	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: To enable the students to:					
1. To orient students about various natural and manmade disasters					
2. To teach students vulnerability reduction strategies.					
UNIT	CONTENT				HRS
I	INTRODUCTION Hazard, Risks, vulnerability, disaster; disaster management, meaning, nature importance, dimension & scope of disaster management, disaster management cycle. National disaster management framework; financial arrangements for disaster management , international strategy for disaster reduction				15
II	NATURAL DISASTER Natural disaster – meaning and nature of natural disasters, their types and effects, hydrology disaster – flood, flash flood, drought, cloudburst. Geological disaster – earthquakes, landslide, avalanches, volcanic eruptions, mudflow. Wind-related- cyclone, storm, storm surge, tidal waves. Heat and cold waves, climatic change, global warming, sea level rise, ozone depletion.				15
III	MAN-MADE DISASTER CBRN-chemical disaster, biological disaster, radiological disasters, nuclear disasters. Fire – building fire, coal fire, forest fire, oil fire. Accidents- road accidents, rail accidents, air accidents, sea accidents. Pollution and deforestation- air pollution, water pollution, deforestation, industrial wastewater pollution, deforestation.				15

IV	<p>DISASTER DETERMINANTS</p> <p>Factors affecting damage- types, scale population, social status, habitation pattern, physiology and climate. Factors affecting mitigation measures, prediction, preparation, communication, area and accessibility, population physiology and climate.</p>	15
V	<p>DISASTER MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SOURCES FORECASTING & WARNING:</p> <p>Indian methodological department, tsunami warning centre, pacific disaster centre, central water commission; resources: UNISDR, USAID, Red Cross, Indian disaster resources network; other: national disaster management authority, national institute of disaster management, Bhuwan , national disaster response force , state and district disaster management centre.</p>	15

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1	Students will learn different disasters and measures to reduce the risk due to these disasters. K1,K2
CO2	Students will learn institutional frame work for disaster management national as well as global level K2,K3
CO3	The students will get familiarized with eco system and issues related to the environment system. K3,K6
CO4	Students can act as First Respondent and can handle Onsite situations. K4,K5
CO5	Will help students in building a safe environment through sustainability development.at the end of this course, students are expected to carry out pre and post-disaster damage assessment, understand disaster recovery and the role of different agencies in the rehabilitation. K4,K6

TEXTBOOK:

1. Disaster administration and management, text & case studies- SL Goel-Deep and Deep publications.
2. Disaster management- G.K.Ghsoh –A.P.H. publishing corporation.

E-LEARNING RESOURCES: www.ncgia.ucsb.edu/education/curricula/giscc

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	1	2	1	2
CO2	1	1	3	1	1
CO3	1	2	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	1

PROGRAMME: M.Sc. GEOGRAPHY

SEMESTER:4

Part: III Core Course
GEC/DSE6 CHOICE 2

COURSE CODE : P23DG12

TITLE OF THE COURSE: ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

HOURS OF INSTRUCTION PER WEEK: 5		CREDITS: 3		CIA: 25	EXTERNAL MARKS: 75	TOTAL: 100
NATURE OF THE COURSE						
Relevant to Global need	✓	Employability Oriented		Addresses Professional Ethics		✓
Relevant to National need	✓	Entrepreneurship Oriented		Addresses Gender Sensitization		
Relevant to Regional need		Skill Development Oriented		Environment and Sustainability		
Relevant to Local need				Addresses Human Values		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: To enable the students to:						
1. To introduce the concept of interaction between living and non-living organisms with physical environment, conservation of resources and human adaptation and adjustment to diverse environment.						
UNIT	CONTENT					HRS
I	Nature and scope of environmental studies- role of geography- man and environment relationship –changing nature of the concepts- determinism-possibly –neo determination- Marxian view on environment.					15
II	Concept of ecosystem- structure-functioning of the ecosystem- food chain, food web and food pyramid- nutrient cycles- natural disruptions of the ecosystem- floods – drought.					15
III	human interference of the ecosystem – population growth and its impact- man’s impact on the biosphere- agriculture- green revolution-HYV and pesticides- man’s impact on land- mining – soil- coastal areas.					15
IV	Human settlements and environment- industrial environment- emerging environmental problems- urban environment- pollution- environmental and health- environmental degradation.					15
V	Eco crisis- environmental quality-environmental management and planning- environmental impact Assessment- environmental law and protection- conservation movements- need for interdisciplinary.					15

REFERENCES:
1. Environmental geograpy – Savindra Singh, prayag pustak bhavan, Allahabad-1997.
2. Essentials of bio geography- H.S.Mathur; pointer publisher , Jaipur-302003-2003.
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	4	4	5	5	5
CO2	5	5	4	4	4
CO3	3	4	5	5	4
CO4	5	4	4	4	5
CO5	3	4	5	4	5

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES					
CO/PS O	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO 4	PS O5
CO1	3	4	4	4	5
CO2	4	5	5	4	5
CO3	4	5	4	5	4
CO4	5	4	4	5	5
CO5	5	4	5	5	5

PROGRAMME: M.Sc. GEOGRAPHY					
SEMESTER:4	Part: III Core Course SEC3	COURSE CODE : P23SEG3			
TITLE OF THE COURSE: PROFESSIONAL COMPTETENCY SKILL- GEO SPATIAL PROJECT PLNNING AND MANAGEMENT					
HOURS OF INSTRUCTION PER WEEK: 3	CREDITS: 2	CIA: 25	EXTERNAL MARKS: 75	TOTAL: 100	
NATURE OF THE COURSE					
Relevant to Global need	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Employability Oriented		Addresses Professional Ethics	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Relevant to National need	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Entrepreneurship Oriented		Addresses Gender Sensitization	
Relevant to Regional need		Skill Development Oriented		Environment and Sustainability	
Relevant to Local need				Addresses Human Values	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: To enable the students to:					

1. known to identify research problem and planning for research design		
2. Develop skill for hypothesis testing in research methodology and able to use various statistical software for hypothesis testing.		
UNIT	CONTENT	HRS
I	RESEARCH / PROJECT MANAGEMENT Research meaning, research objectives, types of research and motivations in research, research methods vs. methodology, relevance of research, importance of research methodology, research process, project management definition- nature, scope and functions- evolution of project management- management- management through in modern trend- patterns of the project management analysis.	15
II	RESEARCH DESIGN/ PROJECT PLANNING Research/project planning- identification of problem- problem statement-research design and breakdown of the steps, associated software and tools- (primavera, MS project, Open project)	15
III	PROJECT PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT Project planning and management – initiation- design and development- implementation- monitor and testing- project closing- tools and techniques in PM- global PM scenarios (BPM- PMBOK- Prince2 – M2M- IPMA etc.)	15
IV	TESTING EDA and design: data collection and collection of data- univariate methods and graphs- bivariate and trivariate graphs- multivariate methods and graphs – EMA (Exploratory Map Inferences from analysis –hypothesis testing parametric and non-parametric tests- Z, t, F tests, X ² and KS Tests and applications.	15
V	REPORT WRITING AND PUBLISHING Report writing and publishing's: reports, seminar papers (short and long) and dissertations- open source tools in research and reporting (example: Mind Map, PAST, Gretl, Geoda, Zotora, Nevernote and Lyx/script) – basics of manuscripts editing for the press- language and ethics in reporting.	15

COURSE OUTCOMES:					
CO1	Recall identification of research problem and develop research design k1, k2				
CO2	Apply bibliographic tools in research and use various writing style manual k2, k3				
CO3	Plan for data collection and construct class intervals methods to classify the data k3, k4				
CO4	Develop skill for use various statistical software for hypothesis testing k4, k5				
CO5	Prepared for writing and publishing a research report and manuscript editing, apply new techniques and use different research tools. K4, k6				
TEXTBOOK:					
1. Smith, P.G., & Merritt, G.M. (2020). Proactive risk management: Controlling uncertainty in product development. Productivity press.					
REFERENCES:					
Verma, S.P. Practical approaches to research methodology. Akansha publishing House, 2005					
E-LEARNING RESOURCES:					
https:// methods.sagepub.com/reference/sage-encyc-qualitative-research-methods/n343.xml					
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES					
CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1					

	1	1	2	1	2
CO2	1	1	3	1	1
CO3	1	2	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	1	1	1	2	2